PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,702—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SELLING BRAND in the WORLD.
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons.
Saturday, 1 P.M.				
27th Jan.	PENINSULAR..	5294	HIMALAYA ..	6898
3rd Feb.	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
10th "	ORIENTAL	6284	INDIA.....	7911
17th "	CHINA.....	7912	.....	.....
24th "	PENINSULAR..	5294	BRITANNIA ...	5325
3rd Mar.	ARABIA.....	7903	.....	.....
10th "	ORIENTAL	6284	MOLDAVIA	10009
17th "	MACEDONIA..	10512	.....	.....
24th "	PENINSULAR..	5294	MONGOLIA.....	10000
31st "	PERSIA.....	7951	.....	.....
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	6284	MOOLTAN.....	10000
14th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
21st "	PENINSULAR...	5294	MARMORA ...	10509
28th "	CALEDONIA ..	7558	.....	.....
5th May	ORIENTAL	6284	VICTORIA	6322
12th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
19th "	PENINSULAR.	5294	HIMALAYA ...	6898
26th "	MACEDONIA ...	10512	.....	.....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
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RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,955	Combe	22nd Feb 1906
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron.....	22nd Mar "
VILLE de la CIOTAT ..	6,630	Etienne.....	19th Apr. "
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	17th May "
NERA	5,876	Schmitz.....	14th Jun. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
VILLE de la CIOTAT...	6,630	Etienne	3rd Feb. 1906.
YARRA	4,248	Sellier	3rd March 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 395.
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
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NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Canepa	15th Feb. 1906.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti.....	15th Mar. "
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Canepa	14th Apr. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 185
Return tickets available 2 years	" 900	" 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Feb. 1906.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Beloito.....	17th Mar. "
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Apr. "

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 59.

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SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	29 Jan.	11 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	1700	Tues.	30 Jan.	4 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
DUMRA.....	1700	Thur.	1st Feb.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA ...	2170	Frid.	2nd Feb.	3 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on MONDAY, 22nd Jan. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 1st Feb. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mohamera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 27th Jan. calling at Berbera, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about 2nd Feb.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
25th January, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.
Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.
Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR...	F. Mosca.....	4,119	1st Feb. 1906.
IMPERATRIX.	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Mar. "
IMPERATOR ...	F. Mosca.....	4,119	1st Apr. "
IMPERATRIX.	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st May. "

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE....	Rs. 800	Rs. 525	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
†‡ NIPPON.....	L. Solch.....	6,316	30th Jan. 1906.
†‡ CHINA	A. Leva.....	6,000	1st March "
FRANZ FERDINAND....	G. Matcovich.....	6046	20th March "
†‡ AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7600	9th April "
MARQUEHEM....	A. Bilaffer	4766	20th " "

* Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS BOAT.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE.....	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 800, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 311

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

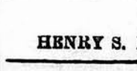
Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5,394	27th Jan. 1906.

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent General,
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fort-nightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.



THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
* GENERAL.....	2361	Pens ..	26th Jan. 1906.

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE Coast ports, and DURBAN.
* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

For Rates and Particulars apply to

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Agent.
24, Medows Street, Bombay, 5th December, 1905.

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DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK.
FOR 1906.

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FLANNEL SUITS, VERY LATEST PATTERNS.
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SILK TIES—ENGLISH SUMMER FASHIONS.
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C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.
WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTORS,
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GRUYERE, PARMESAN, GORGONZOLA, AND CHEDDAR CHEESE.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES.
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ALL KINDS of FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.
MARSALA ITALIA (SHERRY) highest awards wherever exhibited.
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25-27-29, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

LUNCHEONS.....from Re. 1
DINNERS.....from Rs. 2

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LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S CLOAK ROOMS
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Telegrams "IMOGEN" Bombay.

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DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITION FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

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BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers. DR H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

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GUILT Can be established as easily by omissions as by acts!

If a King neglects the welfare of his subjects, he is GUILTY!

If a Trustee neglects the interests of his warde, he is GUILTY!

If you have not protected the lives and property entrusted to you YOU ARE GUILTY! of neglect.

MINIMAX
HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER
AS SUPPLIED TO
THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN.

Absolutely self contained
No Taps to corrode.
No Hose to Rot.
No Mechanism.
No Reversing.
Safe, Quick and Certain in its action.
Unaffected by Climate or Weather.
MINIMUM Price, Weight and Size.
MAXIMUM Efficiency. Simplicity, and Economy.
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SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.
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COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.
A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
Telegrams and Letters receive prompt attention.
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
CALCUTTA.
TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.
RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.
SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES,
REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.
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GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.
DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.

TRADE S. & CO. MARK.

30 lbs. bags Large Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay....	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. 12 0
6 1-lb. tins Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0
1 5-lb. tin Terramia Orange Pekoe Tea	do.		do,		do,	...	5 0

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA.
APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.,
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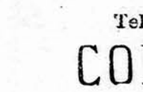
Bombay Wholesale Agents :—
MESSRS. BRADFORD & CO.

DEC. 1ST.
ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,



From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	220	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	230	...	309	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	760	398	636
Liverpool	550	900	476	770	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	1950	525	*920	459	*975
Karachi	60	..	40	..	40	..

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B	Stanley Hall ..	4200	4th Jan	16th Jan	25th Jan	25th Jan
A †	City of Vienna ..	4695	11th "	25th "	2nd Feb	4th Feb
B †	City of Delhi ..	6000	..	..	5th Feb	12th "
A †	City of Calcutta ..	11000	21st "	3rd Feb	13th "	18th "
A †	Sutton Hall.....	4500	29th "	12th "	24th "	3rd Mar direct
A †	City of Bombay ..	4500	9th Feb	23rd "	7th Mar	27th "
A †	City of Manchester	9400	20th "	1st Mar	14th "	30th "
B †	Newby Hall	7300	26th "	12th "	24th "	30th "

* Bomay direct. † Bombay via Karachi. ‡ Express service

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Lights.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.),
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS Bombay.

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Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

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HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HARMSTON'S GRAND CIRCUS AND ROYAL MENAGERIE OF WILD PERFORMING ANIMALS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
AT 9-30 P. M. (Standard Time.)

LAST NIGHT OF
OUR PRESENT PROGRAMME.
BY
OUR ALL STAR COMPANY.

DIAVOLO LOOPING THE LOOP ON A BICYCLE.

DO YOU WONDER

That the Tents are crowded? It's because the management presents a performance superior to all others.

"We live to please and pleasing thus ....."

NO ARTIST TOO GOOD,
NO SALARY TOO HIGH.

The Sequel to a Managerial Combination of BRAINS AND UNTIRING INDUSTRY.

Children Half Price to Matinees only.
PRICES AS USUAL.

Seats may be reserved at the Circus daily for the Boxes and Dress Circle chairs between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M. and 4 to 6-30 P.M.

MADAME HARMSTON LOVE.....Proprietress
COL. BOB LOVE .....Manager.
R. ALTON.....Agent.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's Chartered S.S. "ARIMATEA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the PRINCE'S DOCK P. Shed.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MacFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within Seven Days after the discharge of the Cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the Seven Days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

ENGINE DRIVERS.

WANTED experienced ENGINE DRIVERS for the Rajputana-Malwa Railway. Apply by letter to LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT, Ajmer, with copies of testimonials.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.
(Registered in London 27th June 1905.)
COLONIAL REGISTER KEPT AT BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Preference Share TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 26th January to the 9th February, 1906, both days inclusive, for preparation of Warrants for dividends payable to Shareholders, registered on the 25th January, 1906, for the half year ending 15th February, 1906.

By Order of the Board,
F. C. RIMINGTON,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 26th January, 1906.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on THURSDAY, the 8th February, 1906, for the work of "RE-CONSTRUCTING COOK ROOM for Boys and Girls in connection with the Bombay Education Society's School. Value of the work will be about Rs. 17,100.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned.

W. R. P. BROOKES, A.M.I.C.E.,
for Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 23rd January, 1906.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on MONDAY the 29th January, 1906, for the work of STABLING ACCOMMODATION for 32 Horses of the Bombay Mounted Police in the compound of the Byculla Police Office and Lines. Value of the work will be about Rs. 9,000.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned.

W. R. P. BROOKES, A. M. I. C. E.,
for Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 23rd January, 1906.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the Akbari Farm of the Rajpipla State for a period of two years and nine months commencing from the 1st of August, 1906, and ending on the 31st March, 1909.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000. If the deposit consists of a Government promissory note, it should be duly endorsed in favour of His Highness the Raja Sahab of Rajpipla. The tenders should reach His Highness not later than 10 A. M. on THURSDAY, the 1st of March 1906.

The final disposal of the tenders will rest with His Highness who will have the right to accept, with or without modifications, or to reject any tender, without giving reasons for doing so, or to dispose of the farm in any other manner His Highness may deem expedient.

The person whose tender is accepted shall, within one week after the communication of His Highness' sanction to him, deposit with His Highness (in cash or in Government securities duly endorsed in His Highness' favour) a sum which, added to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 made with the tender, will be equal to 15 per cent. of the total annual revenue offered by the tenderer for the several items constituting the Farm, and shall execute an agreement binding himself to conform to the conditions of the licenses to be issued to him in regard to the said items. Failure to do this will involve the forfeiture of the deposit made with the tender the cancellation of the acceptance of the tender, and the disposal of the Farm in such manner as His Highness may deem expedient.

Information in regard to the conditions of the contract, sales during previous years rates of duty and retail prices, and other matters, will be furnished on application to the DEWAN, Rajpipla State.

Nandod, 23rd January 1906.

NOTICE.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

THE AGENT, Bengal & North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur, is prepared to receive Tenders up to noon of the 1st March, 1906, for the SUPPLY of OILS, from 1st April, 1906 to 31st March, 1907.

Form of Tender at Rs. 3 each giving full particulars can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, or to assign any reason for so doing.

H. P. DICK,
Storekeeper, B. N.-W. Ry.

Samastipur, the 16th January, 1906.

HIGH CLASS FOOTWEAR of the best Europe Materials, good finish and reliable wear. Latest European Styles and fashions produced. Prices Moderate.—Messrs. JOSEPH IVAN and Co. Professional Shoemakers from the celebrated Andreas Neider of Vienna, No 13, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

EXPORT TO GERMANY.

A HAMBURG AGENCY FIRM, established since 10 years and thoroughly conversant with Indian Produce, desires to meet with Exporters to act as their Agent in Germany. The principal, who is in close touch with Manufacturers and Consumers, is now in Bombay and requests shippers to send their address to Box No. 884 J., Advt., Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, 26th JANUARY, at 9-30 p. m.

TOUR OF THE PARISIANS ARTISTES.

GASPARD-NEVA,
The Famous Duettists.
MANUEL CHIMENO,
The Unequalled Pianist.
MLLE. FERNANDE,
La Femme Cameleon.
MLLE. F. DECOURTAL,
Soubrette Fantaisiste.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Stalls, Rs. 4 and 3; Dress Circle, Rs. 3 and 2; Pit and Gallery Rs. 1; Soldiers and Sailors, As. 12.
Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES a quantity of Brass Pigs, Gun Metal and Iron and a brand new 14 h. p. Vertical Steam Engine, &c., at the Castle Park Arsenal, Fort behind the Town Hall.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer-in-charge, Bombay Arsenal Messrs BENNETT & Co. will THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 26th inst. at 2 p.m. sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place a large quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of leather pieces, brass, sand common pulling doorcocks, old iron, lot soap in locators pressure spring, Volunteers sam mon, oil resistance tools for Armourers, machines prime mover engine steam vertical 14 h-p. gun metal old pig oil brass pig copper oil, copper pig, nickle pig, canvas tarpaulin cotton gunny, rubbish, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD NEWSPAPERS,

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 3-30 p.m, Standard Time, Messrs. BENNETT & Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of the concerned,—

EX. S.S. 'SYRIA,'

48. 1 to—25 bales old newspapers.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 27th instant at 3-30 p.m., Standard Time, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 P.M. STANDARD TIME.

1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 bay pony quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey arab quiet in harness and saddle.
Handsome strong rubber tyred bicycle wheels vis-a-vis with a handsome strong hungaran worse and earness,
The property of a gentleman.
1 pair of handsome strong bay waler horses, both go well in single and double harness.

On WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, at 2 p.m, Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Edward Building," Merewether Road, Apollo Bunder the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockery wares best plated ware, sliding dining table and chairs large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs drawing room cabinets, glass door Almyras, marble top dressing and washhand tables, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and chromographs, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hinks and Ditmars table and hanging lamps ice box, copper, hot water boiler copper utensils, baby perambulators, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of D. J. Sharp Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of very VALUABLE LARGE CLOCK, GOLD WATCHES, BANGLES, etc., at the Reliance Watch Co., Hornby Road, Fort, next to Sir D. M. Petit Baronet's Office.

On FRIDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 4-30 p.m. Standard Time, Messrs BENNETT and CO. will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place on account of the concerned—

One very handsome large chiming 8 days' clock strikes quarter and half hours, with richly chased ornamental gilt, dial showing dates, months, change of weather, movement of the moon online on 8 and 10 bells and gongs.
4 gold watches.
1 pair of gold, bangles.
The above will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CAR.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 2-30 p. m. Standard Time Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Rooms, on account of the concerned—

1 single cylinder De Dion Engine Motor Car, three seated, in perfect order.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th proximo, at 2 p. m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Government Dockyard, Fort, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture by Roberts and others of the latest design, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, and solid silverware, sliding dining table and chairs, large sideboards and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas, chairs and easy chairs, large size drawing room cabinets, glass door almyrahs, marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, rich oil paintings, engraving and water colour pictures, large fish bowls, parian, marble, dresden and raootta figures one handsome sweet-toned nearly new tecano, myoroscope with lenses, porcelain, Chinese, dresden, gold China and Arata vases chest of drawers tables ornaments large revolving top writing table Pulanquin time-piece single and double bedstead with horse hair mattresses, Hinks and Ditmar's able, hanging and hall lamps, Singapore cane furnitures, brass rocking chairs, English ice-box large standard stove, hand foot sewing machine, Persian and Brussels carpet, motor car a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, etc., etc. the property of Captain E. H. Elderton, Director Royal Indian Marine.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view three day before the sale.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES, at Naron Dhoroo Street Parsi Bazar Gate Street and Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

Under instructions from and by the order of the Executrices of the last will and testament of Bai Ajmai, widow of Norowji Pallonji Bottlewalla, Messrs. BENNETT and Company, will on the respective days and times specified below put up for sale by Public Auction at the respective premises the undermentioned properties in separate lots:—

LOT NO. I.

On WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of February, 1906, at 4-30 p. m, Standard Time, on the premises.

ALL THAT piece of Pazeadari land together with the dwelling-house thereon, situate at Naron Dhoroo Street, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty-six square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Book of the Municipality under Ward No 811 and Street Nos 9-13, and bounded on the east by a sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Naron Dhoroo Street, on the north by the house of Kishordas Hurgowandas, and on the south by a passage and the house of Narandas Pranjiwandas, and which said premises hereditament are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenants.

LOT NO II.

On SATURDAY, the 24th day of February, 1906, at 4-30 p. m. Standard Time, on the premises

ALL THAT piece of land together with the dwelling house thereon, a taute at Parsee Bazar Street within the Fort of Bombay, containing admeasurement eighty one and a half square yards or be the same little more or less registered by the Collector of Land Revenue as Quit and Ground Rent land under Old No 355 New Nos 530 and 531 Old Survey Nos 651-651 and New Survey No. 2293 and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No 1539 and Street Nos. 122 124 and 2-4 and bounded on the east by the Parsee Bazar Street aforesaid and on the West and North by the Parsee Panchayet Lane and on the south by the property of No vroji Dorabji Powalla and are now in the occupation of the vendors' tenants.

LOT NO. IIIa

On SATURDAY, the 3rd day of March, 1906, at 4-30 p m Standard Time, on the premises

All that piece of Government land with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Bazar Gate Street within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 248 square yards or there abouts, assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 2105-06, and Street Nos. 85-87 and (1), and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue as Quit and Ground Rent land under Collector's Old No 621, New No, 5780, Old Survey No. 112, New Survey No. 2238, and bounded on the East by a sweeper's passage, on the West by the Bazar Gate Street aforesaid, on the North by the Manockji Sett's Agiary, and on or towards the South by the house of Andhiaroo Jamsetji Jivanji and which said hereditaments are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pestonji Rustim & Kola, Solicitor or to the under signed.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 26th January, 1906.

ASTHMA AND BLOOD

POISON of any stage and description will be radically cured by our well-tried specifics sooner than by any other cure. Try and you are sure to admire them. Prices Rs. 5 and Rs 3 respectively. [A] A. E. JAMES, Esq., Dahri, writes:—"Your wonderful specific for ASTHMA has done more for my boy than all other Patent Medicines I had tried before. He has not since been troubled even slightly, and I am beginning to be convinced of your remedy having radically cured him." [B] S. SAW, ZA. Esq., Poona, writes:—"Your BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST remedy yet discovered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY

however hopeless, are sure to be cured by our well-tried specifics. No other medicine in the world will be able to show a larger percentage of cure than our specifics. Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about the above as well as about our specifics for HYDROCELE, PILES and FEMALE DISEASES, please write only to:

J. C MOOKERJEE & CO.,
THE VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
RANAGHAT, Bengal

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "HARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Table and Bed Linens, Cretonnes, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraitures, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest, Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED BY the SHIRE HIGHLANDS RAILWAY, British Central Africa, One EURASIAN or NATIVE ENGINEER, to take entire charge of the maintainance and repairs of Telegraph Line 150 Miles long and two NATIVE TELEGRAPH LINESMEN. In reply state experience, previous Employment and Salary required, Apply Box No 2951. Advt., Dept., "Bombay Gazette".

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught. Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Mars. Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0: Tiffin, Re 1-0-0: Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates From Rs. 2-4-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—"Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out of order and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are the best in the world."

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager or Assistant to Ginner, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c. Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms. Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "OMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworth Servants of all denomination supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronised by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Specially Well Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established. 1878

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK FOR 1906.—Only a few Copies available. Got up in a neat and an attractive style in colours on superior paper. Contains in brief valuable and useful Information regarding H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff and Additional Members in Council, Gazetted Public Holidays and various departments of the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the B. B. & C. I. Ry., the G. I. P. Ry., Bombay Post Office, the Sarno Schedule &c. Price per copy ANNAS FOUR only. Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocoele, Hernia, Elephantasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases. Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines. Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares, Pardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl Pardeo, Bombay.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandford, M.A. and A. William Heyde, Assistant Superintendent of Ancient Monuments in Bengal. Apply at the Office of "Bombay Gazette."

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 24 Pages of the "Full Mail Guide" giving all the information of the previous week carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription Rs. 10 per year including Postage.

TO SMOKERS.
SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
Upcountry Orders by V. P. P.
PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.

1, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON, E.C. TELEGRAMS: "KEYMER, LONDON."

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th instant at 2 p. m., (B. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Jer Villa" No. 6 Wodehouse Road, Colaba behind the Admiralty House the very valuable teakwood and blackwood, and English made dining room, drawing room office and bed-room furniture by Robert Mackenzie Wimbridge Breslauer and others, set of screw telescopic dining table, made to order marble-topped sideboard, dumbwaiters, hallstands, teakwood bedstead made to order, almyrahs, books, old Satsuma, English majolica and China flower vases and jars, rich table ornaments, incandescent gas lamps, electric battery and call bell, rich plain and iridescent, glassware, superior porcelainware rich electroplated-ware Chippendale mahogany grand piano by C. Bechstein in excellent order, handsome pictures rich table ornaments, Aurriasar and Persian carpets, garden plants etc. The property of Thomas Bromley Esq. Exchange Broker proceeded to England.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF RICE fields at Koly Kalian near Cooria, in Salsette.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General as the Administrator of the Estate of the late Anthony P. D'Mello, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on SUNDAY, the 28th day of January, 1906, at 3 p.m. the rice field belonging to the deceased, the occupancy tenant on the Coorla Estate of the late Mc. Ardoir Hormasjee Wadia.

All those pieces or parcels of proprietary taxation rice lands admeasuring 11 acres and 23 3-4 gunthas, situate at Koly Kalian or Colina bearing Survey Nos. 51, 67-8, 71-2, 77, 81, 97, 102, 111-8, 120 137, 404, 403 and 443.

The fields will be sold in small lots to suit buyers.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

SALE OF A 8 H. P. DE DION MOTOR CAR.

On MONDAY, the 29th inst., at 2 30 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms by order of the concerned—

One 8 H. P. side gear and one cylinder De Dion fire seated Motor Car in perfect working order with canopy.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as tables, chairs bentwood chairs, sofas easy chairs, hat and book stands, cupboards, almyrahs, chest of drawers, dressing, writing and wash hand tables Chubb's safe on stand, double door safe on stand, double cylinder locks and hosiery knitting machine complete with fittings.

By order of the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Samuel Lemon, consisting of gold studs and links, ring brooch, locket, chain, and links, metal and imitation trinkets, spectacle, etc.

Also the effects of the late Haji Abdula Haji Hasam, consisting of Gold ornaments, such as large and smal bangles ear rings neck ornament, rings, head and neck trinkets silver ornaments, coin, snuffbox, etc.

At 2 p.m.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 rubber-tyred light vis-a-vis,
1 glass fronted double seated brougham.
1 strong-built office shigram.
2 gent's English saddles complete with bridles and stirrups.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On TUESDAY, the 30th inst. at 2 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Chambers, 1st floor, behind the Apollo Hotel, Apollo Bunder the valuable and handsome French-polished teak-wood and blackwood household furniture, dining table, sideboard, dumbwaiter, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, bedsteads, almyrahs clothes presses, marble-top round dressing and wash-hand tables, glass ware, crockery-ware best plated ware sweet-toned cottage piano by C. Marcks and Co, table ornaments pictures carpets etc, the property of H. Poole Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

SALE OF FURNITURE AND TOILET REQUISITES OF A HAIR CUTTING SALOON.

Under instruction from N. C. Macleod Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of Simon Goldman an Insolvent (hair dresser and perfumer) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 30th instant at 2 p.m., at the Corner of Church Gate Street, Fort, opposite the Floral Fountain, glass cupboards, showcases, marble top washhand stands, hair cutting, chairs, pier glasses Gas Chandelier, perfumery, soap hair clippers, gent's bicycle etc.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 25th January, 1906.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL..... £300,000
RESERVE FUND..... £375,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
BATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET LONDON.

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Rangoon	Batavia	Tientsin
Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manila	Yokohama
Phaipling	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Medan (Sumatra)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

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FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 3-30 P.M.
Saturday—10-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... „ 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND.. „ 9,940,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS..... „ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

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DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS.—A LADY holding a LICENTIATE DIPLOMA from the Royal Academy of MUSIC, London, is desirous of taking a few more PUPILS. Apply care of SEYMOUR DAVE & Co., Esplanade Road.

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INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

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Reserve Fund and
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THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, Issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

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F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND.....£525,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar.
Amritsar,	Madras.	Mandalay,	Mombassa.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point,	Aden.	Kandy,	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

DRAFTS on EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due,

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ..... $ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 8,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY Ld.

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
JARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank Egypt),
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.,
A. M. TOWNSEND,
O. S. ADDIS Esqr. } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	RANGOON
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 15,60,000
RESERVE FUND (In Government Paper) .....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £532,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £532,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....£110,000

HEAD OFF

SINCE 1868

We have been widely known and famed for the excellent quality of our

HAMS, AND BACON CHEESE.

To-day this quality is fully maintained, and every care is taken in order that all goods may be despatched and delivered in the very best condition.

HAMS

	Rs. A.
Finest pale Cumberland, Special Cure, from 8 to 25 lbs. each, ... per lb.	1 2
Cooked, ready for table, whole or half Ham ..... „	2 0
Cooked, in slices ..... „	2 8

BACON

Harris' Crown Brand, Real Wilt's Middle, Special Cure, 20 to 30 lbs. each... „	1 2
Harris' Crown Brand, Wilt's Belly, Special Cure, 10 to 18 lbs. each ..... „	1 0
Boneless in slices ..... per tin	1 4

Bacon in Canvas at original weights.

BACON on cut. ONE ANNA per Pound Extra.

CHEESE

	Rs. A
GORGONZOLA Real, 12 to 18 lbs. each ..... per lbs.	1 4
GORGONZOLA Real, on cut..... „	1 6
Cheshire, English ..... „	1 0
Gruyere, finest quality ..... „	1 0
Cheddar, Pale Loaf, about 12 lbs. each ..... „	0 14
American Cheshire ..... „	0 12
Double Gloster ..... „	0 14
Edams, Dutch (whole Cheese only about 4 lbs. each) ..... „	0 12
Imperial in Jars..... per jar	1 0
Camembert, in tins ..... pea tin	1 4

New price List on Application.

OYSTERS NOW IN SEASON.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,

APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

VICEREGAL CATERERS BY APPOINTMENT

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS : "CATERERS," BOMBAY.

SINCE 1868.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Crostafels 5105 tons Captain H Moller will sail to-day for Calcutta, &c with a general cargo

THE B I S N Co's steamer Hanra 3562 tons Captain C B Kend all sailed yesterday for Rangoon with a general cargo

THE steamer Secunder 1075 tons Captain C W Brebner F E G E F S O will sail to-day for Mauritius with a general cargo and passengers

THE steamer Singu 1912 tons Captain J G W Currie will sail to-day for Rangoon with a general cargo

THE steamer Afrikander 1571 tons Captain E R Large arrived in hari our yesterday from Mormugoa with a cargo of manganese ore

THE Hansa Line steamer Scharzfels 3558 tons Captain G Bartlman arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg and Antwerp with a general cargo and 603 packages explosives

THE German East Africa Line steamer Reichstag 1319 tons Captain Koppistatter arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Durban via Goa with a general cargo and passengers

THE B I S N Co' steamer Goalpara 1359 tons Captain W Moxon arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi ,with a general cargo 93 cases optium and passengers

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
24	Reichstag s.....	Koppistatter	Durban, Dec 23
	Goalpara s	Moxon	Bushire, Jan 11
25	R I M S Dufferin..	Warden	Rangoon, Jan 18
	Scharfels s	Battimann ...	Hamburg, 1 c o 1
	Afrikander s	Large.....	Mormugoa, Jan 24

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
25	Kasara s	utbush	Persian Gulf, &c
	Nera s	Schmitz.....	Marseilles
	Itaura s	Kendall.....	Rangoon

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Singu C rrie for Rangoon
„ Secunder Brebner f r Mauritius
„ Crostafels, Moller for Calcutta

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Seamer Afrikander for Leith
„ St Regular for Dunkirk
„ Goolpora for Persian Gulf

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Uganda, arrived at London from Calcutta on the evening of the 22nd instant.

The Florio and Rubattino Company steamer Dco Balduino left Suez for Bombay on the 22th inst.

The Florio and RuqattinoCoy's steamer Ischia left Penang for Bombay on the 24thinst

The N Y K Chartered steamer Kt of the Thistle arrived at Kobe on the 24th instant

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer India, from Trieste, left Aden for Bombay via Karachi on the 24th instant and may be expected here about the 6th prox

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Boscome s—400 bales cotton Gaddum and Co ; 100 bales cotton fly and waste P H Cheb gar and Co ; 1502 cwts myrabolbms P Jethabhoy 4 bales cott n and 483 cwts cotted seed Ralli Bros 23 bales wool G Gammmal

Britannia s—148 bales wool D Gulabchand 66 bales wool D Sassoon and Co ; 4115 cwts oil cakes W Becher 1 bale cotton owned 196 bales cotton waste and 60 cwts pickers D Tyabji and Co 85 bales hemp K Visram and Co ; 8 casks Indian condiments and 14 cases curry powder M Poonjaji and sons 20 cwts copper H Kothari 35 bales wool and 20 bales cotton H M Ab a 100 bales cotton H E Bode and sons 96 bales wool E D Sassoon and Co ; 100 bales wool W and A Graham and Co

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—10 casks Indian Condiments M Poonjaji and sons 40 cwts corriander seed and 10 cwts blood manure K M Sajan 19 bales woollen carpets Grindlay Grm m and Co

FOR HULL.

Othello s—1990 cwts cotton seed Nasee Khairaz and Co

FOR NEWTORK.

Othello s—29 bundles mong mattings Finlay Muir and Co

FOR HAVRE.

Ville-de-Tamatave s—4000 cwts buffalo horns M Mahomed and Co ; 2069 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers ; 1600 bales cotton Pyler de Saoner and Co ; 100 bales cotton G Tijpal and Co ; 300 bales cotton B Spinner and Co ; 2000 cwts linseed, Ernst Lam and Co ; 508 cwts myrabolams W Becher

FOR LEITH.

Afrikander s—57499 cwts cotton seed Ralli Bros

FOR ANTWERP.

Clean Urquhart s—563 bales cotton 25 bales hemp 50 bales able fibre K Visram and Co ; 15 cwts gum P Jethabhoy

FOR HAMBURG.

Kish s—336 bales cotton Ralli Bros 243 cwts sandal wood Ewer and Krause

FOR BREMEN

Kish s—110 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

FOR MARSEILLES

Stanley Hall s—6600 cwts rawseed 3999 cwts teaseed Ralli Bros 750 cwts teaseed Ralli Bros

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperator s—110 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

FOR GENOA.

Merton Hall s—400 tons iron Nusserwanji Bros

FOR KOBE.

Pundit s—225 bales cotton N Fatehally and Co ; 600 bales cotton Tata and Co ; 100 bales cotton C L Sajan and Co

For Moji s—400 bales cotton G Dossa 100 bales cotton Finlay Muir and 700 bales cotton Seth and Co

FOR YOKKHAN CH.

Pundit s—100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

FOR OSAKE

Pundit s—200 bales cotton Tata and Co

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Formosa s—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR HONGKONG.

Formosa s—1150 bales twist Tata and Co ; 200 bales cotton Ebrahim 500 cwt onions B Ramji and Co ; 105 bales twist E Noordin and Co ; 50 bales twist Tata and Co ; 1000 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,

Opposite the Town Hall.

Further extensions and renovations.

Rooms airy and commodious with Bath-rooms attached to each.

Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.

Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.

Cuisine a Speciality.

Apply to the MANAGER.

EVERY MAN WOMAN AND CHILD WHO SUFFER FROM RHEUMATISM SHOULD USE ST. LUKE'S MIRACULOUS EMBROCATION.

IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC

Price Re. 1.

SOLD BY

BEYNON & CO.,

CHEMISTS,

BOMBAY

ARRIVAL OF R. I. M. S. DUFFERIN.

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Dufferin, Commander St. L. S. Warden, R. I. M., arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, which port she left on the 18th January. She brought the 1st East York Regiment, and details, consisting of 13 officers, 3 ladies and 2 children, 8 warrant officers, 6 women, and 9 children, 456 non-commissioned officers and men, 13 women, 23 children, and 25 followers. The regiment and details were transhipped in the hired transport Ionian, yesterday for conveyance to England. The following are the names of the officers :—

Lieut.-Col. J. H. M. Couran, Major H. Haggard, Captain and Mrs H. F. W. Wayne, Captain C. J. Tawny, Captain E. L. P. Edwards, Lieut. W. G. Cowper, 2nd Lieut. Ladby Brown, 2nd Lieut. Barton, Lieut. and Adjt. B. Lawrence, Captain and Mrs. F. Pidgeon, Lieut. Harding, R. A. M., Captain and Mrs. Splane and 2 daughters, Ordnance Department.

DEPARTURE OF THE TRANSPORT IONIAN.

THE hired Transport, Ionian, Captain J. W. Nunan, will sail to-day for Southampton, with the 1st East York Regiment, and details consisting of 46 officers, 12 ladies, and 12 children, 15 warrant officers, 23 women, and 39 children, 1,359 non-commissioned officers and men, 32 women, and 67 children (in health), 98 non-commissioned officers and men, 8 women, and 3 children (invalids), 2 insanes and 5 prisoners.

The following are the names of the officers :—

Lieut Col R Kirkpatrick, R A M C
Lieut Col and Mrs G H M Couran and daughter, East Yorks
Lieut-Col and Mrs J R Dyas, R War Regt
Major and Mrs A L Tisdall and daughter, R G A
Major H Haggard, E Yorks
Major J Going, S W Borderers
Major W C Curme, R G A
Hon Capt C G Splane, 2 daughters, Ord Dept
Capt and Mrs H G Wayne, E Yorks
Capt F H Lock, E Yorks
Capt C J Tawney, E Yorks
Capt H A Engledue, Queens
Capt R E Noyes, 2nd York Regt
Capt and Mrs Vaughan Arbuckle and son, R Scots
Capt and Mrs E P Sewele and infant R A M C
Capt and Mrs C H Straton and child, R A M C
Capt E L Edwards, E York Regt
Capt and Adjt B Lawrence, E York Regt
Capt B F Houston, A V Dept
Capt F D Irvine, R E
Capt W H Chaldecott, R E
Capt T J Potter, R A M C
Capt F A Jackson, T A
Capt B A Craig, R A M C
Capt and Mrs J H S Bell, and 2 children, Ord Dept
Capt and Mrs T S Cooper, Suffolks
Lieut M G Cooper, E Yorks
Lieut O M Couran, King's Own Regt
Lieut G A Delme-Murray, Shrop L I
Lieut and Mrs L P Evans, Black Watch
Lieut F A B Johnston, 10lst Grenadiers
Lieut O H M Hovell, Manchester Regt
Lieut W J J Collas, S Stafford
Lieut and Mrs F Pidgeon, E Yorks
Lieut A M Twiss, R E
Lieut A E Parker, Black Watch
Lieut C L Hodgson, King's Own Regt
Lieut W B Somerville, King's Own Regt
Lieut C W Watson, E Yorks
Lieut K T Woodmass, E Yorks
Lieut A C Holmes, Shrop L I
2nd Lieut C L Leadley Browne, E Yorks
2nd Lieut H Barton, E Yorks
Son of Capt W W Perry Black Watch
Son of Lieut and Qr Mr G Wilson, King's Regt
Sub-Lieut H Gwyn, R I M
Engineer C F Amor, R I M
Mr James, Supdt of Telegraphs

ALLEGED ASSAULT OF A EUROPEAN FIREMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

A Mahomedan is in custody here for assaulting a European fireman of the steamer Induna and with the assistance of two other bad characters who have not yet been arrested, robbing him of some two hundred and fifty rupees he had the same day been paid as salary. The man arrested had only fifteen rupees upon him. The assault took place in the bazar whither the fireman had gone to spend some of his earnings.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON Jan. 24.

SECURITIES—

2 1/2 per cent. Consols	89 7-8	= + 1-16
3 do. Rentes	99	= — 1-4
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 3-4	= unchanged
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 3-16	= — 1-16

SILVER—

Spot in London	30 3-16	= unchanged
2 months hence	29 5-16	= — 1-16
Spot in New York		=

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25·14 1-2	= unchanged
Berlin „	20·48 1-2	= + 1-2
New York Demand		=

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	per cent	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 3-4	do	= do
6 „ „ „	3 3-8	do	= do
3 „ „ Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8	do	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8	do	= — 1-8

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	3 3-4	do = unchanged
7 day market loans	3 7-8	do = do

At the Periodical biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 1,20,00,000

Rs. 51·90	were allotted to	Calcutta
Rs. 15·10	do	Bombay
Rs. 11·80	do	Madras

Rs. 78·90 at Is 4 1/16d.
Minimum rate received 13 per cent. average rate 16·06
Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 19·70	were allotted to	Calcutta.
Rs. 21·40	do	Bombay
Rs. nil	do	Madras

Rs. 41·10 at Is. 4 3/32d.
Minimum rate received 13 per cent. average rate 16·10
Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 1,20,10,000
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 1,00,00,000
Extra allotments Transfers on Bombay, Rs. 600,000 at Is 4 1-32d.
Extra allotments Transfers on Calcutta, Rs. 200,000 at Is 4 1-32d.

WHEAT—Dull
RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawpore 46 5 8 + 1-8 A-M sellers firm
Brown 43 1-4 + 3-4 A-M sellers firm
LINSEED—
Linseed Sold 49 + 1. J-F sellers strong
ARRIVALS—
Steamer—Den of Ogil

TALLOW.

Finest Australian Beef	31
„ „ Mutton	35

Tone of Auction firm.

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed steady East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 14,000. Spot 6·18—10. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 3-8 plus 1-16. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 8,000. Futures closed firm.

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.
6·07 —9	6·07 —9	6·10 —9
Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
6·13 —9	6·15 —9	6·17 —8
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sep.	Sep.-Oct.
6·18 —8	6·11 —8	6·05 —8

Receipts at U S Ports 13,000
Do last year 30,000
Exports to Great Britain 1,000
Do do Continent 3,000

IN NEW YORK—
Spot ..... 11·50
Futures, month of March ..... 11·31—5 } a
Do. do. July ..... 11·51—3 } a
a Advanced early owing to firm cables and declined later in consequence of bear pressure largely from new Orleans.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11 1-2—1-16		
Futures, month of March	11·13— 10		
Do. do. May	11·57— 10		
Tone at close	barely steady.		
New York Demand bills	4·87 1-8—1-8		
„ Silver	65 1-2 unchanged		
„ Coffee	8 7-16 + 1-16		

Liverpool quotations for East Indian cotton are all reduced 1-16d.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 24th Jan. 1906 :—

Cotton	16,914 bales.
Wheat	17,436 cwts.
Linseed	2,458 do
Rape, Ral and Mustard	4,634 do
Gingellyseed	11,322 do
Poppyseed	10 do
Groundnut	444 do
Castorseed	1,891 do
Rice	28,183 do
Myrabollams	5,404 do
Cotton seed	29,050 do
Mowrasseed	77 do
Gram	652 do
Joowar	1,498 do
Maize	nil

BOMBAY, JAN. 25.

EXCHANGE.—Tone easier.

Bank T. T.			1-4 1-16d.
Bank Demand			1-4 3-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight		D.A.	1-4 5 16 to 13-32d.
„	6 do.	do.	1-4 7-16 to 15-32d.
French Francs 3 do.		do.	171
Marcks 3 do.		do.	139 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight			140 1/4
Shanghai 30		do.	204
Japan 30		do.	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	98 8
1st Settlement, 31st January	98 9
2nd do 28th February	98-14

Money Market, Tone firm.
BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 28th Sept.		4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do. 4th	Jan. 8	do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 4th	„ 8	do.
Bank of Madras	do. 15th	„ 8	do.

SEEDS.—

LINSEED—Tone firm.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	8	7	0
Forward	8	10	0
RAPESEED.—Tone steady.			
Brown Cawnpore, Ready	7	4	0
Do. Forward	7	6	0
Do. Forward	8	0	0
POPPYSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	8	15	0
Forward	8	15	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	35	8	0
Forward	34	8	0
GINGELLYSEED—Tone firm.			
Howree Khandeish	48	0	0
15 per cent. Mixed	47	8	0
WHEAT—Tone quiet.			
White Delhi new	5	5	0

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	Fine.	F.-G. Good.	Dely.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	202	194	25th Jan.
Bengals (M.-G.) Ry. terms	211	201	25th Jan.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	213	203	25th Jan.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions)	M.-G. 224	218	25th Jan.
Khandeish, (M.-G.)	220	214	25th Jan.
Julgaum (M.-G.)		216	25th Jan.
Khundwa (M.-G.)		218	25th Jan.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.)			
Karanja do. (M.-G.)	224	218	25th Jan.
Akola do. (M.-G.)			
Oomra, good staple (M.-G.)	237	231	25th Jan.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	234	228	25th Jan.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	240	234	25th Jan.
Broach (M.-G.)	272	266	25th Jan.
Muttia (M.-G.)	230	214	25th Jan.
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	238	232	25th Jan.
Akola Khamgaon (M.-G.)	225	219	25th Jan.
Burhanpur (M.-G.)	218		25th Jan.
Barsee and Purbhani (M.-G.) good staple	234		25th Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone ..... easier
Estimated sales ..... 10,000 Bales
Imports 14,000

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April
5·98 —9	5·98 —9	6·01 —9
April-May	May-June.	June-July
6·02 —9	6·06 —9	6·08 —9
July Aug	Aug.-Sept.	Sep.-Oct
6·09 —9	6 02 —9	5·76 —9

COTTON.—The market is quiet but steady, and business is almost entirely confined to the settlement of contracts falling due to-day. Quotations an practically unchanged and a moderate business is passing.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	steady
Surats	quiet
Good Bhownuggur	3 29-32
The Manchester Market has been	steady
2 1/2 per cent Consols	89 7-8
3 per cent Rentes	99
2 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan	104 3-4
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Papers	66 3-16
Bar Silver	30 3-16

THE MOST BRACING OF BATHS.

A delicious sensation of Coolness and purity instantly follows a bath containing Condy's Fluid, which invigorates the body and braces the nerves in a manner that is unattainable by any other means. The Cooling and strengthening effects are Simply Magical. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle) Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. All substitutes are greatly inferior. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

TURNER—January 23, at Woodbine, Callander, Scotland the wife of E. G. Turner, I. C. S., of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ANDERSON—January 12, at Dehra Ismail, the wife of Captain G. H. Anderson, I. A., of a daughter.

DEATH.

MALCOLM—January 20, at Madras, John Robert Malcolm, of Velleva Mulle, Wynaad, aged 64 years.

Bombay. Dec. 1905.

℞

1/4 Floral Mouth Elixir, (Kemp) 1 bottle.

1/- Dentists Tooth Powder, (Kemp), 1 bottle.

-/8 Equatorial Sanitary Tooth Brush, (Kemp), —one.

m. Use morning and evening,

To be dispensed by

Kemp & Co Ltd.

7 Elphinstone Circle, or at their branches.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 36m. Sun sets, 5h.49m. High water, 0-30m., 0-32s. Low water, 6-30m., 6-22s.

P. and O. s. s. Oriental, with English Mails of 12th inst., due to arrive at 6 p. m.

Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales's Reception Fund meeting, Chowpatty, 5-15 p. m. (S. T.)

Bombay City Police Club's annual Ball, Town Hall.

Harmston's Circus, Esplanade, 9-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Novelty Theatre, the Parisian Artistes, 9-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Smoking Concert at the Gymkhana, 9-30 p. m.

PARSEE CYCLING CLUB.—Members meet at the Club Tent at 9 a. m. (S. T.) and Hornby Vellard at 7-30 on Sunday for a run to Parli Hill and back.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s. s. "Persia" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a. m. to-morrow.

THE PRINCESS OF WALES FUND.—There will be a meeting of the subscribers to the Princess of Wales Reception Fund this evening at Begum Mumtaj Jehan Nusurlakhan's Hamat Mahal Chowpatty at 5-15 to decide upon the disposal of the surplus funds.

CART-DRIVER SERIOUSLY INJURED.—Sadatali Mowlabux, a Mahomedan cart-driver, aged 25, was on Wednesday evening driving a cart laden with timber along Reay Road when a log fell on his left leg fracturing the bone. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where the injured limb was amputated from the knee.

ACCIDENT TO A HINDU LAD.—Govind Mahadeo, a Hindu, aged 12, employed in the Khoja Iron Works in Foras Road, was on Wednesday evening walking round a punching machine in the factory, when his clothes were caught in the machinery and he was dragged up, with the result that his left arm was crushed. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where the injured arm was amputated.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—A meeting of the 'Current Topics Circle' will be held at Mr. B. S. Turkhud's house in Kandawady to-morrow at 6-30 p. m. when Mr. B. M. Bhajeker B.A. L.L.B., will introduce the following interesting subject :—"Vice of drink and smoke." On Sunday the 28th January Mr. J. J. Vimadalal M.A. L.L.B., will expound Mathew, Arnold's Selections from Wordsworth to the Senior Class at 9 a.m. in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon.

A FALSE CHARGE.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. C. H. Setalvad, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Jania Gania, a low-caste Hindu, was charged with the theft of a copper pot, belonging to one Bhugwan Baldeo, a Pardeshi. The evidence showed that on the evening of the 20th instant complainant had an altercation with the accused when the former, after assaulting the latter, handed him over to the police alleging that he had stolen the utensil in question. The Magistrate finding that the charge was a false and vexatious one fined the complainant Rs. 30 and ordered the whole of the amount to be paid to the accused as compensation.

ST. MARY'S EX-STUDENTS' UNION.

A VERY interesting Magic Lantern Lecture entitled "A tour through Italy" was given on Wednesday evening before a large audience in the Hall of St. Mary's ex-Students' Union, by Mr. L. U. Mongini.

With a few appropriate words Mr. Valladares introduced the Lecturer who began the tour by landing at the Port of Genoa : three views of the town were shown after which in quick succession came the Cathedral of Milan, views of Cremona, Mantua, Verona, Padua, and Venice. Mr. Mongini explained at length how Venice came to be governed by the Doges and many interesting facts about that unique city. Continuing the tour Bologna was the next place visited, then Cesena, Pistoja, Lucca, Pisa, Leghorn, Florence, Arezzo, Perugia and Rome. The latter place so full of interest was only just touched upon. Mr. Mongini reserving it for a special lecture to be given later on. After Rome, Tivoli and its waterfalls were shown, then Naples; about Naples Mr. Mongini humourously remarked that Italians have a saying "See Naples and die" An interesting view of Vesuvius, taken half way up the mountain, and views of Pompei, Castellamare, Salerno and there were also shown, finishing up with Brindisi the port at which our letters have been landed since 1570. At the close of the lecture, Mr. Keating proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Mongini and to Mr. Soundy who so kindly lent and worked his Lantern.

A members "social" concluded a very interesting and pleasant evening.

SLIGHT EARTHQUAKE IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JANUARY 25.

A sharp shock of earthquake, preceded by somewhat prolonged rumbling, was felt at Lahore last night at 8-40 o'clock.

THE BOMBAY MUNICIPL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday 8-39 p. m, (Standard Time) in the Municipal Council Hall, the Hon. Sir P. M. Mehta presiding.

GRANTS FROM THE SURPLUS CASH BALANCE.

Before the meeting there was a series of propositions asking for grants for different purposes from the Surplus Cash Balance, the principal amongst them being a grant of Rs. 16,100 to meet the cost of filling in the Foras Tank on DeLisle Road and of Rs. 26,769 for the cost of works in connection with the repair of the Tulsi Outlet Tunnel, which were all granted.

UNIFORM RATE OF ONE ANNA FOR TRAMWAY JOURNEYS.

On the motion of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, seconded by Mr. Jamsetjee A. Wadia, the following resolution of the Standing Committee be recorded :—"That the letter, dated the 14th October 1905, from Mr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia regarding the temporary suspension of the issue of transfer tickets on the Bombay Tramways together with the Commissioner's memorandum dated the 5th December 1905 with accompaniment, on the same subject, be forwarded to the Corporation with the recommendation of the Standing Committee that the Commissioner be requested to invite the attention of the Tramway Company to the terms of the contract, and be requested to see that a uniform rate of one anna is charged for journeys between any one point to another irrespective of the cars being direct or not."

EXPERIMENTS WITH YERSIN ROUX SERUM.

On the motion of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna duly seconded, it was resolved to continue the experiment of treating plague cases with Yersin Roux Serum for one year more and to sanction the necessary expenditure thereon, as recommended in the following letter from the Commissioner :—

"With reference to Corporation resolution requesting the Commissioner to inform the Corporation what expenditure will have to be incurred for continuing the experiment of treating plague cases with Yersin Roux Serum for one year more, I have the honour to state that the cost of the serum per patient comes to Rs. 30. For every hundred patients treated the cost will be Rs. 3,000. It is doubtful whether more than 500 patients could be treated by this method during any one year and the maximum possible expenditure would therefore be Rs. 15,000. Should the Corporation favour the continuance of the experiments I would recommend that the expenditure be limited to Rs. 6,000 or sufficient serum to deal with 200 cases. This will correspond very closely with the amount of serum utilized during the epidemic of last hot weather the expenditure on which as debited to the plague charges of the current year has amounted to Rs. 5,899. As I gather from the Resolution of the Corporation that that body is desirous of expressing an opinion on the desirability or otherwise of further experiments with this serum and as it is possible to deal effectively with the epidemic without resorting to its use I do not propose to order out any further supply of the serum unless specially requested to do so.

CONVENT STREET AND ORMISTON STREET.

On the motion of the Hon. Mr. Dikshit seconded by Mr. G. Lund it was resolved that one of the two roads on the Wodehouse Road estate taken out from the improvement Trust and thrown open to the public on the 8th ultimo, be named "Convent Street" and the other which continues Ormiston Street to the corner of Cooperage Road be called Crimiston Street.

"A DECREE AGAINST A MUNICIPAL OFFICER."

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia had given a notice to move that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to the following paragraph translated from a vernacular daily under the heading of "The Small Causes Court—Judgment against a Municipal Officer" and he be requested to inform the Corporation what steps he (the Commissioner) proposed to take in the matter :—"A decree for Rs. 800 having been obtained by Marwari Sela Kesa against the Storekeeper of the Municipality, Mr. T. Wilkinson, the former was called upon to show cause why payment should not be made by instalments. The pleader for Mr. Wilkinson submitted that on the last occasion an exparte decree was obtained against his client as he had then arrived late in the Court. He stated that Mr. Wilkinson drew a salary of Rs. 260 per mensem, out of which he was paying to this Court instalments aggregating Rs 120 and requested that in this case also an order for payment by instalment may be issued. An order for a monthly instalment of Rs. 30 was passed

In the absence of Dr. Sukhia Sir Bhalchandra Krishna moved that consideration on this item be postponed and the item be carried to the February Agenda.

Mr. W. D. Shepherd, Municipal Commissioner, informed the Corporation that the officer in question had already resigned his post

On this explanation Sir Bhalchandra asked the Corporation to allow him to withdraw this item. Necessary permission was given and the matter was withdrawn.

MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE 'BOMBAY CROW'!

Mr. J. A. D. McBain and Mr. G. Lund seconded that the following first report of the Committee regarding the destruction of the crows be approved of and adopted and a copy of it be forwarded to the Commissioner for his information and for taking necessary action in the matter :—

"The Committee appointed by Corporation to consider and report whether it is feasable and to desirable to conduct a campaign against the "Bombay Crow" with a view to reducing its number, and, if so, what means should be adopted to attain that end, beg to state that they are of opinion that the crow nuisance in Bombay is real, and that some measures should be adopted for lessening it. The problem is, however, a difficult one and requires careful consideration. In the meanwhile—in view of the breeding season of crows being near—the Committee beg to suggest in this addendum report that the Corporation should pass early orders for the Executive Health Officer adopting measures for destroying crows' eggs a small reward being offered for bringing in crows' eggs for being destroyed. The Committee beg at the same time to point out that a good deal can be done to attain the object desired if occupiers of houses troubled with the crow nuisance were with due care and proper precautions, to put poison for crows, a poison suitable for the purpose being issued by the Executive Health Officer to proper parties with careful direction for its use.

Signed, P. M. Mehta, R. J. Kent, K. E. Dadachanji, Jas A. D. McBain and N. N. Katrak.

Mr. J. Baptista made the following foot note at the end of the report :—"Poison will not do. Crows wont take it. I have tried it and failed. School boys may be usefuly employed for collecting eggs.

As this proposition and the report were placed before the meeting, there was some uncomfortable feeling apparent amongst the Hindu members, who seemed strongly to object to the suggestions of the Committee, With his usual habit the President called out "Those in favour ? Those against ?—carried." Many of the members tried out they all wanted to vote against it. The President then put the proposition to vote with the result that only ten were in favour of while the rest were against the proposition of Mr. McBain. The President, in declaring the proposition lost, remarked laughingly, that the Bombay crows were not deemed to die in the near future (Laughter).

CORPORATION'S POLICY WITH REGARD TO STREET IMPROVEMENT.

The following report of the Committee appointed to consider as to what the Corporation's future policy should be in the matter of street improvement and how the expenditure should be financed was placed before the meeting :—

After careful consideration of the question in consultation with the Commissioner, they are of opinion that this expenditure is of such a nature as should, partly at least, be financed from loan funds, the benefits of street improvements being not for the present generation only, but for all time. Further, as pointed out in the Commissioner's letter dated the 21st February 1905, this item of expenditure is largely increasing, and the Committee think it is likely to increase still more on account of the recent amendment in the Act in regard to the laying down of the regular lines of streets. The Committee therefore consider that the proper course for the Corporation would be to continue to spend as hitherto one lakh of rupees annually from revenue, and to meet from capital all expenditure in excess of that amount, spreading it over as long a period as possible and they beg to suggest that the Corporation should request the Commissioner to put himself in communication with Government with a view to ascertaining whether Government will be prepared to authorise the Corporation to raise from time to time, as may be found necessary, loans of sixty years' duration for the purpose.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola proposed that the Committee's report be approved and adopted and a copy of it be forwarded to the Commissioner for information and necessary action. In support of his proposition Mr. Ibrahim said that the question had occupied the attention of the Corporation for sometime past on account of the more expensive building operations and he feared that in sympathy with that the opportunities for acquiring set backs had also increased. He thought it was quite reasonable to ask the Government to allow them to raise loans whenever necessary, of sixty years' duration. After this report the speaker continued the Government of India issued a resolution deliberately saying that the local Governments should assist their Municipalities in the matter of the improvement in various places and in the matter of widening the streets. When that resolution was pronounced, the speaker trusted that the local Government would certainly assist them substantially. He believed they had a very good case for going up to the Government not for any monetary contribution, but to allow them to float loans of sixty years' duration.

Mr. Dinshaw E. Wacha seconded the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim's proposition. He said there was an agitation now by the London County Council to have their loans of hundred years' duration. The Bombay Corporation, therefore, was quite moderate in their request.

After some further discussion the proposition was declared carried.

SOME O

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The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JAN. 26, 1906.

SOME NOTES ON THE CENSUS.

MR. G. F. HARDY, Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries, and Fellow of the Statistical Society, has written for the Government of India, a Memorandum on the Age Tables and Rates of Mortality of the Indian Census of 1901, which is now published as an official document. Special difficulties arise in the attempt to apply the results of periodical enumerations for the investigation of the rates of mortality or the average duration of life prevailing in the various provinces. These are mainly due to inaccuracy of the ages returned, to the serious disturbances in the numbers returned for certain age-groups owing to the marked decrease of births during famines, to the incompleteness of the registration returns and in a smaller degree to some uncertainty as to the completeness of the registration returns and in a smaller degree to some uncertainty as to the completeness of successive enumerations and hence as to the true rate of increase of the population between successive censuses. Further, the larger fluctuations in the death-rates in India—in Bombay, for example, during the ten years 1890-1901, the mortality rates have been about fifty per cent. higher than in the preceding ten years—add to the difficulty of the problem. As it is, Mr. Hardy finds it impossible to base a life-table of any practical value upon the abnormal mortality rates of a single period. On the whole, however, it appears that the rates of mortality have decreased in the last ten years among children. As regards the rates of adult life, the only data, which have any claim to completeness, are the age returns of successive enumerations. As is evident, he writes, assuming these age-returns were trustworthy and that the average rates of increase per annum of the population were accurately known, together with the extent and manner in which it was affected by migrations, we should be in possession of materials for determining the rates of mortality at the various ages throughout life. But here the difficulty, which always arises in census returns, is encountered and very specially so in those of India, namely the inaccuracy of the ages returned. Mr. Hardy classifies these errors—first, the tendency of persons to return their ages as multiples of ten and, to a lesser extent, as multiples of five, and second, the tendency at certain periods of life to under-estimate and other periods to over-estimate the true ages.

We suppose these tendencies manifest themselves all over the world, for the adolescent who wishes to be regarded as a man will add a few years to his life and the lady, whose grey hairs betray experience, endeavours to deceive herself that they are premature. The effect of these tendencies is to produce very great irregularities which are still further increased by a real defect in the numbers living at certain of these age groups, representing the survivors of the persons born during past famine periods when the birth-rate was below the average. Such misrepresentations may all be considered accidental in this country where very few of the poorer natives know either when or where they were born and perhaps not one in a hundred could give his precise age. To overcome the various sources of error and to deduce from the recorded numbers at the various age groups an approximation to the true numbers is no easy task for the actuary, who would prefer to deal exclusively with proclaimed clans where registration is carefully conducted. Applying the tests he has decided are best, Mr. Hardy finds that allowing for the low birth-rate thoughout India in 1900, the progression of the age figures in most of the provinces would appear to be fairly normal. Special tables have been constructed for Burma as there is good reason to suppose that the age returns are much more accurate in that province than elsewhere in India, and a special interest attaches to the returns as they show rates of mortality which are throughout much nearer to the European standard than is the case in any other province. Taking India as a whole it appears that emigration and immigration are not very important as affecting either the increase of the population or the age distribution of the people. In certain provinces, however, such as Madras, North-West Provinces and Burma, among the larger areas, the movement of the population is sufficiently important to take into account. In Bombay the movement of the population has been subject to violent fluctuations. After the bad famine of 1844-45 the male population increased up to 1872, at an average rate of 11·4 per mile per annum; between 1872 and 1881, the population diminished, the average rate over the whole period 1844 to 1881, being 7·8 per mile. Between 1881 and 1891, the annual rate of increase was nearly 14, while during the past decade the population has diminished by about two per mille per annum, giving an average rate, increase of 6 per mille for the past twenty years. Combining this latter rate with the average of 7·8 per mille prior to 1881 it is assumed that a mean rate of seven per mille probably represents very approximately an average of the last fifty or sixty years.

The ratio of females to males appears to be less in India than in Western countries and differs very considerably in the various provinces, being extremely low in the Punjab, where, however, no marked advance appears to have taken place in this respect since 1881. It does not appear practicable to Mr. Hardy to determine how far this apparent defect in the female population is due to imperfect enumeration in certain provinces, but it is very probable that this is in part an explanation of the low figures in the Punjab, otherwise it must be assumed that the rate of mortality among the Punjab females is much higher relatively than in the remaining provinces. It is remarkable that while there is a defect in the numbers of females returned at the younger ages, after middle life they are in excess of the males as is usually found to be the case in other communities. Commenting on one of his tables Mr. Hardy remarks that in Bombay in particular, where to the effects of famine have been superseded the severe visitations of plague, the death-rate for the past quinquennium on the average has been more than fifty per cent. higher than that for the preceding ten years. When, he adds, it is considered that this difference in the death-rate for ten years means about three million additional deaths in this period, for the province of Bombay alone, it will be seen how serious is the inroad made by these periodical visitations upon the Indian population. As the final deduction of his examination of the census tables, Mr. Hardy says the average birth and death-rates of India show no personal change and he adds: "It is of course a mere truism that a high birth-rate involves either a correspondingly high death-rate, or, in the alternative, so rapid an increase in the population as to threaten to encroach upon the limits of subsistence under present conditions. As emigration on an extensive scale is out of the question, the alternatives for the future are either a reduction in the birth-rate as a result of the spread of education and a gradual change of social customs, or such a change in the conditions of life as will permit of a steady increase in the means of subsistence, or, finally, a continuance in future of such periods of famine, with their accompanying destruction of population, as have marked the past history of India."

ARMY PAY IN AMERICA.

The Indian "Sub" who complains that his pay is totally inadequate to the demands made upon it may find some consolation in the fact that in that land of wealth, America, things are just as bad. Mr. Secretary Taft, of the United States War Department, has issued a statement regarding affairs in the United States Army and a consideration shows that there is very little difference between them and those of the English Army. Although officers appear to be well paid, it should be borne in mind that no increase has been made since the pay of army officers was established by Congress in 1870. And yet, since then, the prices of food, clothes, and other necessaries have gone up enormously. It is no wonder, then, that so many American officers should be heavily in debt. "Live within your income, or quit the army," is Major-General Corbin's advice. It is beyond question that commercial pursuits in America offer far greater pecuniary rewards to the man of intelligence than does America's small army. The military authorities know this well, and as General Corbin states, "Only the rigorous frugal life is possible to those who make the service a life work." Very few American officers have private incomes, and the only living they get is from the Government. The pay of a Lieutenant-General for the first five years is £2,200; a Major-General, £1,500; Brigadier-General, £1,100; Colonel, £700; Lieutenant-Colonel, £600; Major, £500; Captain of Cavalry, £400; Captain of Infantry, £350; first Lieutenant of Cavalry, £320; first Lieuteuant of Infantry, £300; second Lieutenant of Cavalry, £300; and second Lieutenant of Infantry, £280. There is an increase of ten per cent. in pay every five years and a similar increase during service in certain special localities, but the case of a Second Lieutenant is exceedingly hard, for he gets only about £23 a month. At the outset he has to buy over £100 worth of uniform and an outfit of civilian clothes costing anything up to £50 and in addition to this he has his heavy mess and private entertaining expenses.

It must always be borne in mind that an American officer with a private income is decidedly an exception. If he marries, the young officer's condition is quite deplorable. His wife cannot possibly dress on less than £50 a year and she must keep at least one servant. And the rawest immigrant cannot be had for less than a pound a week and her board. The care of an infant will probably cost at least £30 a year and then there is fuel, life insurance (at least £30 a year), probably a nurse, and more social calls than ever upon the purse. Thus the £100 which the young officer from his second year has allowed him for wife and household is more than eaten up; and it will be anything from five to ten years before he gets anywhere near the £400 a year stage. In many matters the United States Government in dealing with officers resembles the India Government. The allowance for rent is based on the number of rooms an officer is supposed to occupy. This allowance is estimated at about £2 9s. a month per room. A lieutenant gets an allowance for two rooms, a captain three, a lieutenant-colonel and a major four, a brigadier-general and a colonel five, a major-general six rooms, and a lieutenant-general £240 a year for house-rent. A serious expense of the American officer is the cost of dinners, teas, receptions, and other entertainments, as well as the home-going of his wife and children, and since the United States acquired the Philippines, every officer is ordered thence every three or four years. If he leaves his family at home, he must send his wife most of his pay. If on the other hand, he takes wife and children with him, the expense is enormous. The transports may sail from San Francisco, and it costs more to reach that port from New York than it does to cross the Atlantic Ocean in a first-class liner. And after the officer's family gets aboard the ship, there is a charge of four shillings a day for each of its members. Domestic problems in the Philippines are even more complicated than at home. An officer on Governor's Island, New York, the other day said he had received a letter from a friend in the service there complaining that his wife could not get a good cook under $10 a month. Then, the climate is atrocious, and the children have no schooling. Nor would it seem that bachelors have an easier time of it in the American army. So that altogether it would seem that the British officer does not enjoy the position of the least favoured parson in the world.

MR. BALFOUR'S SAFE SEAT.

As we anticipated the "safe seat" which was looked forward to in the Eccles Division of Lancashire for Mr. Balfour has been secured by the Liberal candidate, Dr. Pollard. It was won at the last General Election by so narrow a majority that it was a mistake to count on pitchforking the ex-Prime Minister into it at the last moment. The Liberal reaction appears to have affected Lancashire rather more than other counties and though Mr. Tillet's candidature for the seat might so have split up the Liberal vote as to let in Mr. Studdart, Unionist, it did not. Dr. Pollard has defeated opposition from both quarters. Yet he is a man who has little besides the command of strong language to recommend him. The arguments by which he wooed and won the suffrages of Eccles were the merest clap-trap. He had much to say against the late Government—among other things that "it had outraged all the feelings of Englishmen by the introduction of Chinese labour into South Africa, and they were so fond of compounds that they now wanted to put the commerce of the country into a fiscal compound. Dr. Pollard did not hesitate to say that had there been no war in South Africa there would have been no cry of Protection. Who was finding the money for this remarkable Protectionist propaganda? Was it not the same gang that was behind Mr. Chamberlain in the prosecution of the South African war? Behind this Protectionist propaganda there was the driving force of greed and selfishness. Did any man believe that the agitation was being carried on for the benefit of the masses? The very people who were advocating Protection were the very people who were advocating Chinese labour and the ousting of British labour from South Africa! The real fact which he desired to impress upon every working man in the division was that if they taxed imports the merchant collected the tax from the middleman, the middleman got it back from the retailer, and the retailer got it from the wife of the working man, who could not get it back from anyone." And the intelligent voters of South-East Manchester were led away by nonsense of this kind.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

There is little to record of the doings of their Royal Highnesses during the past week. The departure from Rangoon in the "Renown" at the end of last week concluded one of the most interesting parts of the tour and gave another period of rest before the remaining portion of the homeward journey, which lies in India, was commenced. The "Renown" arrived in Madras harbour on Wednesday afternoon and the Royal party were received in a manner worthy of the city that has long figured as one of the most important in India. A full programme has been arranged, but there is time left for the Royal Pair getting opportunities of seeing the city and its people. The stay is not long and when the departure is made, the breaks in the journey will provide His Royal Highness with a branch of sport to which he is as yet a stranger.

THERE will be a smoking concert at the Gymkhana this evening commencing at half past nine.

DURING the Prince of Wales' shooting trip to Nepal the Princess will remain at Agra.

THE recent rain in the Madras Presidency has put an end to any anxiety regarding crops.

IT is calculated that the new gun factory at Cossipore can turn out 150 field guns during the current year.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Persia with the homeward Mails of the 20th instant arrived here at Aden at 10-30 p.m. on January 24.

COLONEL PEARS, Resident in Kashmir, and Major Lotbiniere, R. E., are now in Calcutta on affairs relating to electric railways in Kashmir.

CAPTAIN KENNEDY will be the official representative of Eastern Bengal and Assam on the Committee dealing with the Assam Labour question.

MR. SHADBOLT, Director of Railway Construction, who retires shortly, will be succeeded by Mr. Moyle, Engineer-in-Chief Eastern Bengal State Railway.

MR. BEHARI LALL GUPTA, Legal Remembrancer, Bengal, will complete 35 years' service this year. He will probably be succeeded by Mr. Carnduff now at Home on leave.

DURING the Royal visit to Benares the Prince of Wales will present medals of St. John Ambulance Association to twenty-two Gurkhas for rescue work at Dharmsala on the occasion of the great earthquake.

THE approximate statement of Traffic of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited, (21·59 miles open) for the week ending 20th January, 1906, amounted to Rs. 3,352, being a decrease of Rs. 710 on the corresponding week of last year. The total earning from 1st to 20th January, 1906, were Rs. 10,211, being a decrease of Rs. 979.

MOTOR Cycle Trials will again occupy attention in Poona, as a two days' competition will take place on February 23 and 24. Several valuable trophies are up for competition and have attracted riders from Calcutta. Mr. Pat Stewart of Sholapur Road is the Secretary and entries should be sent in before Feb. 15. Full particulars will be issued in the course of a few days.

THE total amount of opium removed from warehouse during the week ending January 23, was 519 chests, of this 511 1-2 chests were shipped to China per s. s. "Simla," half a chest was shipped to Zanzibar, five chests were purchased by the farmer at Sholapur and two by the farmer at Shoranur. Five hundred and seventy-three and a half chests were imported into Bombay from Indore during the week.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending 23rd Jan. was 780, giving a death-rate of 49·65 per annum per thousand as against 76·22 the corresponding period of last year, and 73·44, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 78 died from fevers, 31, plague; 5, small-pox; 11, measles; 54, phthisis; 39, diseases of the nervous system; 206, affections of the respiratory organs; 49, diarrhœa; 26, dysentery; 30, still-born; 134 old age and debility; 16, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jains, 12; Brahmins, 21; Lingayat, 1; Bhattia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 363; Hindu low caste, 103; Musalman, 171; Parsee, 28; Jew, 32; Native Christian, 26; Eurasian, 1; European, 6; Negro-African 1; and other and unknown castes, 1. The total number of births was 438 as against 425 the corresponding period of last year, and 341 the average over the past five years.

REPORTS, ANNUALS AND STORIES.

THE REPORT OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS, for the year 1904-05 including that of the Superintendent of the Library Building and Grounds, comes to us from the Government Printing Office, Washington. It is of interest as showing how the Library has developed of late years, and the growing expansion in the use of its valuable contents by the public. The contents include a list of the officers, the two reports, with ten appendices giving details of appropriations and expenditure, statistics under various heads, lists of noteworthy accessions of manuscripts, maps and charts, of Law-books, of the collection of engravings selected by the French Minister of Education from the prints in the Chalcographie du Louvre and presented to the Library of Congress two years ago; also of facsimiles of copper and wood engravings of the Old Masters similarly presented by the German Government during the year under report. These collections are of considerable value. From the Report of Mr. Bernard R. Green, the Superintendent of the Building and Grounds, it appears that the average daily attendance of visitors to the Library was 2,55[illegible], the total for the year being 923,116. March is the month of most vigorous use of the Library, the visitors being over three and a half times as numerous then as in any of the other months of the year. An interesting fact in the General Report by Mr. Herbert Putnam, the Librarian, is that twenty-two benevolent persons subscribed for street-car tickets to enable blind persons to attend the readings and musical entertainments. Much classifying and re-cataloguing was done during the year. The "Records of the Virginia Company of London" has been transcribed and edited and is ready for the press. This extraordinarily detailed and extensive bibliography must prove of untold value to the historian and collector. The accessions to the Orientalia in the Library during the year are remarkable, many Buddhist series of writings being among them. A long list of interesting relics, bearing on the acquisition or incorporation of many of the States, came to the Library as gifts from different families, or State Governments or Corporations. The expenditure of the Library and Copyright Office and the cost of the maintenance of the Building and Grounds amounts to 587,028 dollars; the appropriations to meet that were 589,435 dollars, so that the receipts more than covered the cost of the whole. This volume is admirably got up and finely printed. It has as frontispiece a photograph of the Library Building standing in its park-like grounds, and plans of all the floors are given with the text.

THE LIVE STOCK JOURNAL AND ALMANAC FOR 1906 is full of interesting matter for owners and breeders of horses, be they racers, hunters, or generally useful animals. Experts in horse flesh contribute valuable papers. Sir P. Albert Muntz, Bart., M. P., on the "Shire Horse of To-day," gives excellent advice to breeders and encourages them by his confidence in the industry. A pleasantly written paper is that by Mr. G. S. Lowe on "Horse Dealers Past and Present" who have had something to do with the magnificent breeds of which the country can boast. While the breed histories are of much interest, Mr. C. B. Pitman deals with the "Thoroughbred"; Mr. W. Scarth Dixon, with the "Cleveland Bay and Yorkshire Coach Horse"; and another writer with "Hackneys"; Mr. John Hill, with "Ponies"; Mr. Vero Shaw, on "Harness Horses and Ponies"; Mr. A. C. Beck, on "Shires"; Mr. W. King, on "Suffolks", and Mr. R. McIntyre, on "Clydesdales." This Annual circulates largely among breeders throughout the world, and, as usual, it contains, in addition to the special breeders' tables, monthly diary and calendar, lists of societies connected with agriculture and stock breeding statistics, &c., about fifty articles from prominent authorities on the subjects deals with. There are reviews of all the breeds during the year, sales, shows and exports being treated at length. A good many papers of more general interest are also included. The frontispiece represents "A Country Fair in 1819," being a reproduction of a fine painting by J. L. Agasse. In a clear paper the early history of the old English Black Horse, the progenitors of the Modern Shire breed, is traced in an informing manner. Sir Walter Gilbey takes up the question of "Farms and Small Holdings" as affected by enclosures, markets and fairs, and shows clearly how far-reaching these influences are in bringing about altered conditions of agriculture since the beginning of the last century. The same author contributes a brief but important paper entitled "How Betting should Aid Agriculture," and how £300,000 could annually be devoted to Stock Breeding and Hospitals. The method recommended is the adoption of totalisers at race meetings, and it is shown how widely this system is followed in the Colonies and in foreign countries with great benefit. This paper deserves to be carefully studied and the information given as to the sums paid through the totalisers is very instructive. An excellent article by Mr. C. J. Cornish deals with "Animals' Foster Children" while Mr. C. J. Davies gives a readable account of Mendel's Law of Inheritance, under the heading of Modern Heredity. Other articles well worthy of perusal are those by Mr. W. Parlour, on Harvest of Stock, Mr. Harold Leeney, M.R.C.V.S., on Brain Diseases in Animals Mr. C. Stein, on The Jersey Cow at Home, Professor Sheldon, on Transitional Dairying, Mr. F. Gresham, on Working Spaniels, Mr. W. B. Tegetmeier, on Management of Farm Yard Fowls, and Mr. E. Brown, on The Correlation of the External Characters of Poultry with their Economic Qualities. And this list by no means closes the account of what this most energetically conducted publication gives to its readers. There are over forty illustrations among them being numerous fine portraits of prize winners in the section for "Studs, Herds and Flocks Illustrated," while the "Breeders Directory" has also as the past proved very useful. The Calendar and Diary with the Breeders' Tables are allotted two pages to each month, reverting to the practice of earlier issues. The Almanac is completely devoted to the live stock interests and has been found almost indispensable to breeders at home and abroad. The present number, extending to some 340 pages, is a fitting successor to those that have preceded it, and these are well known all over the world wherever British Pedigree Stock have a home. The Almanac costs 1s., or post free 1s. 4d. The Publishers are Messrs. Vinton and Co., Ltd., 9, New Bridge Street, Ludgate Circus, London E. C.

THE TALE OF THE BUSH by William Satchell, (Macmillan and Co.) This is a tale of New Zealand life, where two young men, brothers, one brought up in ease and affluence in England, the other roughly reared in the colony, start on a farm hoping to make it pay. They are different in more radical ways than in the influence education has had on their characters. The struggle is hard to make ends meet, where Geoffrey the home-reared man has little perseverance or liking for hard farm-work without the necessary capital, and where even the will and determination of Robert the younger do not make things easy. All sorts of experiences come to them. They fall in love, of course, and have more than the usual difficulties to surmount. Some of the most exciting incidents of bush life befal them, and the bush, as the title indicates, takes its toll among their friends. There is a terrible bush fire that had a tragic origin, and in which the heroine and one of the heros go through hideous experiences.

THE YORK LIBRARY brings out its list slowly and gradually. The latest we have seen of this new series of Messrs. George Bell and Sons are MONTAIGNE'S ESSAYS in three elegant volumes of Charles Cotton's translation, revised and corrected by W. Carew Hazlitt who has supplied a biographical notice of Montaigne and short notes. The Essays are on every possible subject, abstract and concrete, and are as applicable to life to-day as when Montaigne wrote them. They influenced the minds of many of the great literary men, either contemporary with Montaigne or who wrote after him. He was unconsciously, as Hazlitt points out, the leader of a new school in letters and morals. He told his readers with unusual frankness his opinion on men and things, and took the world into his confidence on all subjects. In this reprint we have the interpolations of Cotton omitted or thrown down into the notes and what the translator omitted of Montaigne's own is restored to the text.

THE GENERAL ELECTION

STATE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT IN FEBRUARY.

MR. BALFOUR'S "SAFE" SEAT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 25.

His Majesty the King accompanied by Her Majesty the Queen will open Parliament on the 19th February.

LONDON, JAN. 24, 4-15 P. M.

Latest returns give :

Liberals	315
Labour	38
Nationalists	81
Unionists	135

Liberals Elected.

Mr. Micklem, W. Herfordshire (Watford).
Mr. Buchanan, East Perthshire.
Mr. Reckitt, N. Lincolnshire (Brigg).
Mr. Herbert, S. Buckinghamshire (Wycombe.)
Mr. Edwards, Radnorshire.
Mr. Menzies, South Lanarkshire.
Mr. Cameron, Durham (Houghton-le-Spring.)
Mr. Macdonald, Falkirk Burghs.
Sir W. Gurdon, N. Norfolk (Aylsham.)
Mr. Rainy, Kilmarnock.
Mr. C. V. Harmsworth, M. Worcestershire (Droitwitch).
Sir J. Brunner, Cheshire (Northwich).
Mr. Morgan, Truro.
Mr. Lief Jones, N. Westmorland (Appleby) polled 2,894 against Lord Kerry who polled 2,891.

Unionists Elected.

Mr. Faber, W. Hampshire (Andover.)
Mr. Marks, Kent (Isle of Thanet.)
Lord Helmsley, Yorkshire (Thirsk)
Alderman Rutherford, Lancashire (Darwen.)
Viscount Dalrymple, Wigtonshire
Mr. Gardner, Berkshire (Wokingham).
Mr. Haddock, N. E. Lancashire.
Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Gloucestershire (Tewkesbury.)

Nationalist Elected.

Mr. Doogan, East Tyrone.

Labourites Elected.

Mr. Henderson, Durham (Barnard Castle.)
Mr. Brace, Glamorganshire (Llandaff.)

In the election for Midlothian, Lord Dalmeny (Liberal) polled 8,348 against Mr. Usher (Unionist), who polled 5,131.

LONDON, JAN. 24, 1-5 P.M.

Liberals Elected.

Mr. Beck, Cambridgeshire (Wisbeach.)
Mr. Beauchamp, Suffolk (Lowestoft.)
Mr. Morse, Wiltshire (Wilton.)
Mr. Perks, Lincolnshire (Louth.)
Mr. Hopes, West Fifeshire.
Mr. Grove, Northampton (Towcester.)

Unionists Elected.

Mr. Ratcliff, Staffordshire (Burton.)
Sir J. Kenneway, Devonshire (Honiton.)
Col. Williams, West Dorset (Bridport.)
Mr. Barrie, North Londonderry.

Nationalist Elected.

Mr. McVeagh, South Down.

LONDON, JAN. 24, 8-15 P. M.

The Liberals have gained 159, Labour 32, Nationalists two and Unionists ten.

The Labour candidate Williams gained a seat at Glamorganshire (Gower) defeating Mr. Thomas Williams, the Liberal candidate.

Mr. Lamont (Liberal) has been elected for Buteshire.

LONDON, JAN. 25, 5-15 A. M.

Liberals Elected.

Mr. Morton, Sutherlandshire.
Mr. Taylor, S. E. Lancashire (Radcliffe cum Farnworth.
Dr. Pollard, S. E. Lancashire (Eccles).
Mr. Astbury, S. W. Lancashire (Southport.)
Mr. Wadsworth, West Riding (Hallamshire.)
Mr. Duncan, West Riding (Otley.)

Unionist Elected.

Major Sandys, S. W. Lancashire (Bootle.)

MEMS ABOUT MEMBERS.

Mr. Micklem (Watford Hertfordshire) R., has captured a great Tory stronghold. Its ex-member the Right Hon. T. F. Halsey, has sat for Hertfordshire for over thirty years. His house Great Gaddesden Place, was burnt to the ground a few months ago; now he loses the seat, the constituents of which he has faithfully though unostentatiously served for over three decades.

Mr. Buchanan, (East Perthshire) R., gets a seat in the House, but the political colour of the constituency remains unchanged.

Mr. H. J. Reckitt (Brigg, Lincolnshire) R., goes back to the House for his old constituents. He had a Radical majority in 1900, of 822. Although a member of the party whose favourite colour is orange. Mr. Reckitt's fortune has been made out of "blue."

Mr. Herbert (Wycombe, Buck-) R., achieves a seat which Mr. W. H. Grenfell, one of the new peers, has represented in the Conservative interest since 1900.

Mr. F. Edwards (Radnorshire) R., retains a seat which he won in 1900, by a narrow majority of 166. Mr. Edwards is a retired solicitor and son of a hotel proprietor at Llangollen, and was educated at Shrewsbury School and at Jesus College, Oxford. He married a colliery proprietor's daughter.

Mr. Walter Menzies, who becomes the member for South Lanarkshire, made a plucky fight against the successful Tory candidate five years ago, so that he has our sympathy in his victory now, although he is not of our way of thinking.

Mr. R. Cameron (Houghton-le-Spring, Durham) R., goes back to the House for his old constituency. He is the son of a Baptist Minister, was a School Board man, and is always ready for a "Mission" or a "love feast," a "soiree," a "hallelujah gathering, so that no Tory squire has a chance against him.

Mr. J. A. M. Macdonald who becomes M. P., for Falkirk Burghs (L). suffered defeat at the polls in 1900, at the hands of Mr. J. Wilson, Unionist, who had a small majority of 200.

Sir Brampton Gurdon returns to the House for North Norfolk, R. He was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, and gained a Treasury Clerkship in 1863. He was Private Secretary to Mr. Gladstone, when the G. O. M. was Chancellor of the Exchequer, and he has been one of the regular Radical troupe of East Anglia for many years.

(Concluded on page 6.)

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE MOROCCO CONFERENCE

France and Venezuela.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

Latest advices regarding the doings of the Morocco Conference at Algeciras state that all the articles dealing with control and traffic in arms have been adopted.

It is formally announced in Paris that France has decided upon taking action against Venezuela, but will choose her own time and procedure, not allowing Venezuela to force her hand.

It is believed that the French Government is anxious not to become involved anywhere pending the outcome of the Morocco Conference.

COTTON CONFERENCE AT WASHINGTON,

European Representatives Invited,

It is proposed to hold a Cotton Conference at Washington in May to discuss the relations of American trade with the world market.

The British and Continental manufacturers have been invited to attend.

THE POSITION OF CHINA.

A Nation's Ambitions.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

Mr. Wangtahsieh, the New Chinese Minister in London, who has been interviewed by Reuter's representative, said that he did not doubt China would follow Japan's example and do her best to become a modern nation. A New Army would probably be formed in the South on Western methods and similar armies at Hupeh and in the North.

He ridiculed the Yellow Peril and said an alliance with Japan at present did not seem practicable, but a peaceful development would make China's relations with England, America and Japan closer till a formal alliance became unnecessary.

Regarding the Anglo-Tibetan Treaty, China desired Tibet to be administered similarly to other Provinces, China giving a more effective administration. England would then have no cause to apprehend hostile movements thence. China looked for a modification of the Treaty before she could adhere to it.

GERMAN TREATY WITH ABYSSINIA.

The German Treaty with Abyssinia has been presented to the Reichstag. It secures larger privileges regarding freedom of sojourn and travel, trade and industry than Great Britain and America enjoy.

THE SEISTAN COMMISSION.

Persian Obstinacy, or Russian Intrigue ?

It is announced at St. Petersburg that Persia refuses to ratify Colonel Sir Arthur M'Mahon's award respecting the waters of the Helmund.

The main object of the Seistan Mission under Col A. H. M'Mahon, was to demarcate the boundary between Persia and Afghan territory in Seistan, the line fixed extending from Koh-i-Malik Siah to Siah-koh, a distance of two thousand miles and to define the shares of the Persians and Afghans to the Helmund river on which the irrigation of both sides of the frontier depends. It is recorded that the work was very difficult, as South of the Helmund for ninety miles the line runs through an absolutely waterless desert, in which the pillar-building parties had to spend six weeks, being dependent entirely upon water brought from considerable distances. North of this section the boundary was through country liable to inundation, in which pillars of a massive, permanent nature had to be built. The last twenty miles of the frontier again ran up the waterless glacial slopes of the Siah-koh mountain. Demarcation was completed at the end of 1904, but the boundary award was delivered in April. Both Governments agreed to it, the award practically confirming the Goldsmid line of 1872. The old bed of the Helmund is retained as the frontier and the present boundary has been so fixed that it will continue as such, irrespective of further changes in the course of the river. This is regarded as an important point, as it removes once for all, a fruitful source of frontier disputes. The first effect claimed for the awards is that it shows Persia that when called upon to arbitrate Great Britain can and will do so regardless of opposition from a third party. The great object was to remove future cause of friction on the Perso-Afghan frontier. This, Colonel M'Mahon did in face of strong Russian opposition, intrigue and mis-representation and that the demarcation should have been accomplished in spite of Russia is regarded as "an important object lesson to Persia and has proved a serious blow to Russian prestige and influence." We are further assured that Russia's loss of prestige is quite apparent on the spot, for their Consul had declared that the Mission would not be allowed to cross into Persia. Anti-British riots were organised to take place, while the British Consul at Nasirabad was celebrating the King's birthday. The scheme failed and the ring-leaders were publicly flogged, among those thus punished being several Russian agents in Seistan. Thus was a wholesome lesson taught to all parties concerned.

It is held that little troubls would have arisen on either side but for the growth of Russian influence in Seistan, as a result of which Russian representatives on the spot seized the opportunity of making mischief between the two countries, with a view to still furthering and strengthening the Russian position by offering to assist Persia in providing a force to resist Afgan agression. The Russians in this matter ignored the Treaty of Paris by which it was provided that disputes between Persia and Afghanistan were to be referred to Great Britain and when the Shah saw the difficulties which were likely to arise, he invited the British Government to arbitrate on the question of the Helmund waters, at the same time asking for a definite boundary instead of that vaguely fixed by the Goldsmid Mission. This is what the M'Mahon Mission has fixed. Russia recognises the strategic value of the territory, and at the outset sought to inspire Persian opposition to the Mission. When it sought to enter Persian Seistan, Colonel M'Mahon was informed that no boundary was in dispute and any attempt to cross into Persian territory would be met by force. For a month the Mission travelled along the Afghan side of the Helmund, during which time there was no meeting with the Persian officials. When the progress of work rendered it necessary for the Mission to cross into Persian territory, it crossed. Open hostility gave way to a policy of delay and obstruction, and it was some time before the Persians admitted which were the questions at issue.—"Bombay Gazette," Oct. 19, '05.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

AT MADRAS.

EXCHANGE OF STATE VISITS.

ENTERTAINMENT ON THE ISLAND.

UNIQUE ADDRESS FROM THE PRESIDENCY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 25.

Shortly after noon to-day H. R. H. the Prince of Wales received State visits from the Rajas of Cochin and Pudukkotai. The Princess in the forenoon visited the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital.

The Zamindars and nobles who are in Madras for the Royal visit were received by the Prince this afternoon in the Banqueting Hall of Government House, when an address of welcome on behalf of the Madras Landholders' Association was read by the Raja of Venkatagiri to which the Prince replied as follows :—

"Gentlemen, it is a great pleasure to the Princess of Wales and myself to have this opportunity of meeting the members of your important Association and I heartily thank you for the welcome which you offer to us. We have noticed with satisfaction your genuine feelings of devotion to the person of the Sovereign. Everywhere we have had proofs of the same loyal sentiment, but nowhere has it been more eloquently expressed than here in Southern India. I shall be very glad to communicate your assurances to the King-Emperor and to tell him that our visit to Madras has been the occasion for this enthusiastic demonstration. With you I earnestly hope that our visit to India will not be without useful results. Already the the Princess and I begin to feel that we are at home and that we understand much that no books and no amount of study would have revealed to us. We both recognise the serious importance of our mission to India and we pray that it may be fruitful both to you and to us. I thank you most heartily for all that you have said, and we both of us wish all prosperity to the members of your Association."

This evening Their Royal Highnesses drove out for tea to the gardens of Government House at Guindi.

After dinner to-night the Prince and Princess attended a Public entertainment on the Island, the route thither being decorated with flowers and greenery. The entertainment was entirely native in character, the main feature being a performance by the Khonds, a wild tribe from the Ganjam district, seen for the first time in Madras. An address was presented from the people of the Presidency inscribed on cadjan leaves and enclosed in a silver elephant casket, the howdah and trappings being encrusted with rubies. The Island was prettily illuminated and the entertainment closed with fireworks.

To-morrow the Prince lays the foundation stone of the Victoria Technical Institute.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AMERICA AND CHINA.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

A telegram from Washington says that Secretary Root has received the Chinese travelling Commissioners and said that the hearty welcome given to them expressed America's true sentiment towards China.

VICEROY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

INDIAN TARIFF ACT AMENDMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

It is notified that at the next Friday's meeting of the Viceroy's Legislative Council, Mr. Baker will move for leave to introduce a Bill to further amend the Indian Tariff Act 1894.

MR. PAT. DOYLE'S SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

The Calcutta High Court here, to-day, admitted a plaint in a case in which Mr. Patrick Doyle, Editor of "Indian Engineering" sues Percy Counsell and his wife for half a lakh of rupees damages for alleged malious prosecution of plaintiff in the Police Court.

LADY FRASER INDISPOSED.

VISIT TO PURI POSTPONED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

The Lieutenant Governor of Bengal has had to postpone his visit to Puri owing to Lady Fraser's indisposition.

THE "CROWN AND ANCHOR" GAMBLING CASE.

ONE OF THE DALALS NOT IN COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 25.

A strange incident occurred to-day in the court of the native Magistrate before whom Messrs. R. and H. Dalal, bookmakers and totalizator's, have been charged during the past three months with gambling by means of Crown and Anchor game at the Poona hunt point to point races held in October last. It will be remembered that at the last hearing Colonel Hathaway's evidence, taken on commission at Bombay, was put in and he admitted having given the Dalals written permission to play the game on payment of Rs. 50 which sum went towards he Hunt fund.

To-day Mr. Abdulla Abdul Wahed, proprietor of Ludha Ebrahim and Co., was called to prove that ground on which the races were held was his private property. Soon after his evidence was recorded it was suddenly discovered by the Court and the Police Prosecutor simultaneously that one of the accused was not present in Court, whereupon counsel for the defence explained he was seriously ill at Bombay, but could not understand why he failed to send a medical certificate.

The Court stopped further proceedings and declaring Wahed's evidence illegal, directed the issue of a bailable warrant for the arrest of H. Dalal at Bombay, and adjourned the case till the 1st February.

As the outcome of the accident on the Great Eastern Railway (England) on 1st September last, in which it will be remembered ten people were killed and about twenty injured, and to which a carriage lighted by gas took fire immediately after the accident, the Great Eastern Railway Company have decided, we are informed, to equip all their new main line rolling stock in the future with Stone's system of Electric Lighting instead of gas as heretofore.

THE HINDU-PRESIDENCY CRICKET MATCH.

A RETROSPECT.

There is perhaps not so keen an interest prevailing as in the Parsi Match, in the forthcoming big fixture between the Hindus and the Europeans on the 8th, 9th and 10th February next, but the Hindu element rejoice at having at last, after many years of persuasion, succeeded in prevailing on the Bombay Gymkhana to arrange for an annual fixture with them on the same terms as the Parsi-Presidency Match which has for years past been the principal topic of the cricketing season in Bombay. For the first time in Bombay a European eleven, consisting of players selected from various parts of the Presidency, is to be pitted against a representative Hindu team, also picked out from among the best players of the Presidency, and judging from the selections of both sides which we enumerate below, it must be admitted that one side is as formidable as the other, and a close and exciting contest may be anticipated. Originally it was arranged that Mr. M. R. Jardine was to captain the European eleven and K. S. Ranjitsingji, the Hindu team, but both these most reliable wielders have notified their inability to take part in the match, and the mantles have fallen on the shoulders of Captain J. G. Greig and Mr. C. V. Mehta respectively. The following up to date are given out as the most likely players:—

PRESIDENCY.	HINDUS.
Capt J G Greig (Captain).	Mr C V Mehta (Captain).
Major D M R Doss.	Mr P K Telang.
Lieut B M Carroll.	Mr P Baloo.
Mr J T Turner.	Mr G R Banda.
Mr H Cheetham.	Mr K A Date.
Mr Sanderson.	Mr K Seshachari.
Mr E E Coombs.	Mr Raja Lingoo.
Lieut H Chaplin.	Mr Shivshanker.
Mr Monteath.	Mr Oghad.
Mr Campbell.	Mr D K Telang.
Mr Wilson.	Mr Shivlal.

It would be invidious to comment at any great length on the merits of each player, but in giving a brief retrospect we begin with the great "Little Man." Captain Greig has for years past held a well-merited reputation both in India and at Home, and though he has not shone out during the past month, it has been whispered to us that he means to recoup all lost ground with compound interest in the forthcoming big fixture.

Major L. M. R. Doss, who is at present, stationed at Deolali, showed out prominently at Poona a few years ago. He is a fast bowler, an excellent field and slashes out powerfully with the bat whenever an opportunity offers.

Lieutenant B. M. Carroll from Jhansi is another rapid scorer when set in, besides being a good bowler.

Mr. Campbell throughout this season has figured out prominently on the Karachi Cricket field and is undoubtedly a good selection.

Lieutenant Wilson's recent achievements on the Bombay Cricket field has brought about his selection and much is expected of him.

Mr. J. T. Turner is a Poona bat and has accounted for several centuries this season. He is also an active and excellent field.

Mr. H. Cheetham is apparently in perfect form, judging from the faultless innings he has been playing during this season, and his high scoring, which have been the means of saving defeat on several recent occasions. Besides being an excellent bat, he is a formidable bowler and an all-round good cricketer.

Mr. Sanderson, the present Bombay Gymkhana wicket keeper, is very "nippy" behind the stumps, and besides being a steady bat he allows no liberties in the way of the ball passing him for "byes."

Mr. E. E. Coombs of our local Gymkhana has not only proved most destructive of late with the leather, but claims to have contributed liberally towards the success of the Bombay Gymkhana in recent matches.

Lieutenant H. Chaplin (8th Hussars) and Mr. Monteath are both from Mhow and have both been showing up this season.

Mr. D. T. Hoare from Indore was selected for his bowling talent and was much depended on, but unfortunately he has intimated to the Committee his inability to leave Indore. However, the selection of Mr. Coombs in his stead leaves the Gymkhana some promise of success.

Of the Hindu eleven we might mention Chunilal V. Mehta as a well-known, good, steady bat and an excellent field.

The brothers Telang are both hard to dislodge once they get set.

P. Baloo is a recognized formidable bowler and makes his opposing batsman very uncomfortable at the wickets.

G. B. Banda is another good trundler and has been very successful of late.

K. A. Date is also of local fame and is particularly active on the field.

Sesachari is of Madras fame and is reported to be in excellent form.

Rajalingoo belongs to Nagpur and holds the reputation of not only being a first class bat, but also of being a good bowler.

Shivshanker, Shivlal and Oghad belong to the Great Kathiawar Cricket eleven and are familiar figures on the Bombay and Poona cricket grounds.

If the Hindu eleven are in any way to be modified Sheriff, the rising Hindu bat of Poona, Mendh (also of Poona fame), and Vakil and Talpade (both local bats) will probably find places in the team.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—If, Prince Ranjitsingji has been asked to play for the Hindus in the forthcoming Hindu Presidency match, may I ask if Lord Hawke, who is in India at present, cannot be induced to play for the Presidency, thus securing equal advantage to both the sides? I need scarcely add that the inclusion of these two famous players in the teams would greatly add to the interest in the match. Hoping that the suggestion will be taken for what it is worth.—Yours, etc.,

G. D. DATAR.

THE CARRIAGE ACCIDENT AT POONA.

A CORRECTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 25.

Yesterday's carriage accident occurred to Mr. Wellis, Superintendent Thana Jail, and his daughter Mrs. Gidlard, and not to Captain and Miss Thomas.

EXCITING INCIDENT IN A PANTHER SHOOT.

PANTHER "SHIKAR" IN DHOLPUR.

MAHARANA'S EXCITING ADVENTURE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, JAN. 24.

An exciting adventure has just befallen the Maharaj Rana Ram Singh of Dholpur who has been out buck and partridge shooting. He was on foot, carrying his shot gun, and Mr. Chatter Sing, Private Secretary, followed with a rifle. His Highness had shot several buck, and only one rifle cartridge remained in his pocket. Suddenly a full-grown panther broke cover, and moved off at a canter growling angrily. His Highness seized the rifle and followed but the ground was unfavourable and everything depended on a single shot. His Highness decided to wait for a good opportunity. It was not long in coming. The infuriated brute suddenly stood at bay and crouched for the charge, but a well planted bullet in the neck dropped him dead.

There was great rejoicing when the news reached the adjacent villages, as the animal had attacked the villagers' cattle more than once.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce hold their annual meeting at Calcutta to-day.

THE ADMINISTRATION OF BOMBAY.

ONE MORE LEAN YEAR.

The Administration Report of the Bombay Presidency was issued yesterday. From it we take the following extracts :—

The hopes which were raised last year by the apparent return of normal monsoon conditions and by the real advance in prosperity of almost every department of Government were doomed to be but short lived and a rainfall both insufficient and unseasonable added one more lean year to the records of this unfortunate Presidency. Amidst the despondency caused by the trials of the Agricultural population, there was, however, one gleam of hope in that plague, which had for so long harassed a country already stricken by famine appreciably diminished both in the extent of its ravages and in the virulence of its attack. General as was the disorganisation caused by plague, its effects were probably nowhere more pronounced or its results more lamentable than in the check given to the progress of primary education upon which the future well being of the country so much depends. Especially welcome therefore is the proof furnished by the educational statistics for the past year that the disease was by no means so destructive to the work of village schools as in some of the previous years. A substantial rise in the number of births, accompanied by a decrease in the number of deaths, gives ground for hope that the normal balance will soon be restored as a result of the gradual disappearence of the scourge. The failure of the monsoon, while modified in the Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country by copious cyclonic rain in September, was pronounced in Northern Gujarat, and a prolonged break, which lasted for six weeks, had damaged the crops almost beyond hope of recovery when the rain finally came. Liberal remissions and suspensions of land revenue were given by Government, and though test works and relief works were necessary in certain tracts, they did not attract large numbers, the people subsisting for the most part on the produce of their cattle, for which fodder was available throughout the greater part of the fair season. Although distress was not acute, the character of the season can well be gauged by a glance at the figures of land revenue collections, which decreased by nearly 85 lakhs of rupees from those of the previous year. Depending, as the Local Boards chiefly do, upon collections of Local Fund Cess, remissions and suspensions of which automatically followed those of land revenue, the year was not suitable for the initiation of any considerable works by these Boards, and their activity was for the most part confined to necessary measures of protection and conservancy. Although there was a slight increase in the area of land cultivated, yet as a result of the deficient rainfall in the Presidency proper and the low inundation in Sind, the net area of land ultimately cropped fell by 1 per cent. below the figures of the previous year. The dryness of the last ten years is no doubt responsible for the obvious tendency to replace food crops by cotton, although the high prices realised for cotton in the last two or three years must have given a considerable stimulus to the process. Plague and agricultural depression were responsible to some extent for a large decrease in the number of civil suits instituted, and also for the variations in the number of registrations of different instruments recording transfers of, or encumbrances upon, property. As a bad harvest is usually associated with an increase in crime, the slight increase in the year under report was neither unexpected nor alarming, especially as serious crime diminished to an appreciable extent. If a glance be taken at the financial results of the year, other than those dependent on land revenue, they will be found on the whole to be satisfactory, the excise returns in particular indicating that the people were for the most part not so hard pressed as to be compelled to abstain from their favourite luxuries. Although the check to the foreign trade of Bombay is disturbing, it was due to a decline in the exports of raw materials which fell off probably not so much as a result of a lessening demand for Indian produce as of bumper harvests in other parts of the world. The decline in foreign trade was more than counterbalanced by a large increase in the coasting trade and it is significant that this increase was due to coastwise movements of that very produce, which did not leave Bombay for foreign ports. The Indian demand was evidently keen enough to replace or perhaps overcome the foreign one. While the large decrease in opium revenue seems to some extent accidental, the increase in the salt revenue was the direct result of the reduction in duty and holds promise of a continuous expansion in the future. In general although the year was marred by a poor monsoon, it was one of progress and moderate prosperity in almost every direction.

PLAGUE.

Plague was prevalent during the year ending the 31st May 1905, but the cases and deaths were much fewer than in the preceding year, the figures being—

	Cases.	Deaths.
1904-1905	285,897	212,948
1903-1904	493,337	316,523

The month of June, was as usual the month of lowest mortality, the number of cases and deaths reported being 3,532 and 2,593 respectively. The figures rose during July (8,503 cases, 5,909 deaths), August (20,351 cases, 13,379 deaths), September (43,300 cases; 30,808 deaths) and October (50,891 cases, 42,372 deaths). A slight improvement was noticeable during November (42,795 cases, 32,038 deaths) which continued during December (23237 cases, 21 667 deaths), January 1905, (19,628 cases, 14,816 deaths) and February (16,924 cases, 13,030 deaths). The figures again rose in March (19 051 cases, 14,602 deaths). In the hot weather the number of cases very largely diminished, 13 932 cases, 11,027 deaths being reported in April and 5,723 cases, 5,577 deaths in May.

In Bombay City, the disease was at its worst during February (2,737 cases, 2,333 deaths). March (3,545 cases, 3,085 deaths) and April (4,273 cases, 3,747 deaths).

In Karachi, plague was present throughout the year becoming epidemic from January to May. There were 3,913 cases and 2,640 deaths in all as against 3,335 cases and 2, 800 deaths in the preceding year.

The Districts and Agencies most seriously affected were Khandesh, Nasik, Satara, Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country; but in the Southern Districts the plague was much less severe than in the previous year. Surat suffered from a serious epidemic. Plague occurred to a milder extent in every other District and Political Agency, except Thar and Parkar, Khairpur, Savantvadi and Bhor.

The incidence of the disease among Europeans was as follows :—Bombay City 17 cases, 9 deaths during the year under report as against 23 cases 7 deaths in the previous year in the Mofussil, 2 cases 1 death as against the same number last year. At Aden there were 7 cases, 2 deaths among Europeans during the year.

The number of inoculations with plague prophylactic were as follows during the year, only 4,289 inoculations were performed in the Presidency proper and Sind, and the total is swelled by the large number reported from Aden :—

Aden	13,467
Bombay City	1,805
Karachi City	422
Poona and Cantonment	520
Dharwar District	70
Belgaum District	553
Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	44
Ahmednagar District	93
Surat District	40
Kaira District	406
Ahmedabad District	207
Ratnagiri District	139

Making a total of 22,753.

NATIVE STATES.

There were few events of any importance during the year. An heir was born to the Wadhwan State and the son of the late Raja Patangshah of Jawhar installed on the gadi of that State. Two or three young Chiefs joined the Imperial Cadet Corps. The staff of the Rajkumar College at Rajkot was considerably strengthened in pursuance of His Excellency Lord Curzon's scheme for the improvement of Chiefs' Colleges in India.

Conditions in Native States were for the most part very like those which prevailed in the British districts to which they are most nearly adjacent. Beginning with the Southern Maratha Country States they formed a descending scale whose zero was represented by the States in Kathiawar and Northern Gujarat. Although the crops were nowhere good they were very fair in the States at the top of the scale passing gradually through fair and poor to bad in the northernmost parts of the Presidency proper. On the whole the revenue declined by about seven lakhs. No relief works were opened but where necessary, the people were helped by tazavi advances and by remissions and suspensions of revenue. Plague was much less virulent in the Southern Maratha Country States and the death-rate fell considerably. In the other States, however, where in the preceding year, deaths from plague were not such a conspicuous feature of the returns, the death-rate was very generally higher. The birth-rate was somewhat higher in the majority of the Gujarat States and in the Southern Maratha States, but fell off slightly in the Konkan and Deccan States. Education exhibited fair progress in practically every State and increasing attention was paid to the medical requirements of the people. With the exception of Kathiawar where the increase was more serious, there was a slight increase in crime in the larger and more settled States due, no doubt, to poverty following on scanty crops and high prices. In the more backward States crime for the most part decreased, a fact which seems to show that the wild tribes are gradually settling down to peaceful cultivation.

(Concluded on page 3.)

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

SECOND WEEK.

RETURNS TO DATE.

UNIONISTS.

Antrim (Mid)	Mr. O'Neill.
Berks (Wokingham)	Mr. Gardner.
Devon (Honiton)	Sir J. Kenneway.
Dorset (Bridport)	Col. Williams.
Down (East)	Mr. Craig.
Gloucestershire (Tewkesbury)	Sir M. Hicks-Beach.
Hampshire (Andover)	Major Faber.
Kent (Isle of Thanet)	Mr. H. Marks.
Lancashire (N.-W.)	Mr. Thomson Mitchell.
Lancashire (Bootle)	Col. Sandys.
Lancashire (Darwen)	Mr. Rutherford.
Lancashire (N.-E.)	Mr. Haddock.
Lancashire (Ormskirk)	The Hon. A. Stanley.
Londonderry (North)	Mr. Barrie.
St. Andrews	Major A. Gray.
Shropshire (Ludlow)	Mr. Hunt.
Staffordshire (Burton)	Mr. Ratcliff.
Staffordshire (Handsworth)	Sir H. M. Thompson.
Surrey (Kingston)	Mr. George Cave.
Sussex (Lewes)	Sir H. Fletcher.
Wigtonshire	Viscount Dalrymple.
Yorkshire (Thirsk and Malton)	Lord Helmsley.

LIBERALS.

Banffshire	Mr. Black.
Bucks (Wycombe)	Mr. Herbert.
Buteshire	Mr. Lamont.
Cambridge (Wisbeach)	Mr. Beck.
Carnarvon	The Rt. Hon. D. Lloyd George.
Cheshire (Knutsford)	Mr. King.
Cheshire (Northwich)	Sir J. T. Brunner.
Cornwall (Bodmin)	Mr. Robertson.
Cornwall (Launceston)	Mr. C. Marks.
Cornwall (Truro)	Mr. Morgan.
Derbyshire (N.-E.)	Mr. Bolton.
Derbyshire (South)	Mr. Raphael.
Devon (Torquay)	Mr. Barrett.
Durham (Houghton-le-Spring)	Mr. Cameron.
Essex (Romford)	Mr. Bethell.
Essex (Saffron Walden)	Mr. Pease.
Essex (North East)	Mr. Lery.
Essex (South East)	Mr. Whitehead.
Falkirk Burghs	Mr. Macdonald.
Fifeshire (West)	Mr. Hope.
Flint (District)	Mr. Idris.
Forfarshire	The Rt. Hon. J. Sinclair.
Hampshire (New Forest)	Sir R. Hobart.
Herefordshire (Ross)	Col. Gardner.
Herefordshire (Watford)	Mr. Micklem.
Kilmarnock	Mr. Rainy.
Kincardineshire	Mr. Crombie.
Lanarkshire (South)	Mr. Menzies.
Lancashire (Mid)	Mr. Caldwell.
Lancashire (Accrington)	Sir J. F. Leese.
Lancashire (Eccles)	Mr. Pollard.
Lancashire (Heywood)	Mr. Holden.
Lancashire (Leigh)	Mr. Brunner.
Lancashire (Prestwick)	Mr. Cawley.
Lancashire (Radcliffe)	Mr. Taylor.
Lancashire (Rossendale)	The Rt. Hon. C. Harcourt.
Lancashire (Southport)	Mr. Astbury.
Leicestershire (Loughborough)	Mr. Levy.
Lincolnshire (Brigg)	Mr. Reckitt.
Lincolnshire (South)	Mr. R. W. Perks.
Middlesex (Harrow)	Mr. Gibb.
Midlothian	Lord Dalmeny.
Monmouthshire (Abergavenny)	Mr. McKenna.
Norfolk (Aylsham)	Sir W. Gurdon.
Norfolk (North Walsham)	Mr. Price.
Northampton (South)	Mr. Grove.
Nottinghamshire (Rushcliffe)	Mr. Ellis.
Oxfordshire (Henley)	Mr. Morrell.
Pembrokshire	Mr. Phillips.
Perthshire (East)	Mr. Buchanan.
Radnorshire	Mr. Edwards.
Somerset (Frome)	Mr. E. Barlow.
Suffolk (Lowestoft)	Mr. Beauchamp.
Suffolk (Stowmarket)	Mr. Hardy.
Surrey (Reigate)	Mr. H. C. Brodie.
Sutherlandshire	Mr. Morton.
Westmoreland (Appleby)	Mr. Lief Jones.
Wilts (Chippenham)	Sir J. Dixon Poynder.
Wilts (Wilton)	Mr. Morse.
Worcestershire (Droitwich)	Mr. C. V. Harmsworth.
Worcestershire (King's Norton)	Mr. Austen Chamberlain.
Yorkshire (Otley)	Mr. Duncan.
Yorkshire (Pudsey)	Mr. Whiteley.
Yorkshire (Sowerby)	Mr. Higham.
Yorkshire (Spen Valley)	Mr. Whittaker.

LABOUR.

Durham (Barnard Castle)	Mr. Henderson.
Glamorganshire (Gower)	Mr. Williams.
Glamorganshire (Llandaff)	Mr. Brace.
Lancashire (Gorton)	Mr. Hodge.
Lancashire (Newton)	Mr. Seddon.
Middlesex (Tottenham)	Mr. Alden.
Northumberland (Wansbeck)	Mr. Fenwick.
Yorkshire (Hallamshire)	Mr. Duncan.

NATIONALISTS.

Down (South)	Mr. McVeagh.
Tyrone (East)	Mr. Doogan.

TOTALS.

Liberals	294
Unionists	135
Labour	26
Nationalists	79

GAINS.

Liberals	157
Unionists	10
Labour	30
Nationalists	2

Further Liberal gains are reported in Bath (2) and Bethnal Green (S. W.) Brighton, Bristol (North) Brixton, Edinburgh (S) Fulham, Cheltenham, Coventry, Dudley, Greenwich, Islington N. S. E., Kennington, Lambeth (North), Newcastle-under-Lyne Norwich, Oldham, St. Pancras (East), Southampton (2) and West Ham, North. There are Labour gains in Deptford, Dundee, Finsbury (Central) Leicester, Norwich Wednesbury Stockport West Ham (South) and Wolverhampton (West). The first Unionist gain was reported from Hastings. Later news being Excellency Lord Curzon's scheme for the improvement of Chiefs' Colleges in India. Liberal gains at Bethnal Green, (S. E.) Birkenhead, Liverpool (3) (Abercromby, Exchange and Walton) Warwick and West Bromwich. There have also been Labour gains at Barrow, Blackburn, Middlesborough and Staffordshire (Hanley).

Liberal gains are reported from Bow and Bromley, Christchurch, Greenock, Hackney, South Hackney, Kensington (N), Nottinghamshire East, Paddington North, Perth, Salisbury Tower Hamlets (Limehouse, Nile End, Rotherhithe and St. Georges in the East), Tynemouth and Whitehaven.

There is a Unionist gain at Maidstone and a Labour gain at Gateshead.

Further returns up to midnight on Thursday show that there were Liberal gains at Berks (Abingdon), Dorset (3), Glasgow (Bridgetown, Central and St. Rollox), Hull (8), Huntingdonshire (Ramsey) Lancashire (Stretford and Middleton), Lincolnshire (Sleaford), Middlesex (Brentford and Stanford), Oxfordshire (Banbury) Staffs (W). Suffolk (Woodbridge), Surrey (Guildford) Sussex (Eastbourne), Sunderland, Warwickshire (Stratford on Avon), Westmoreland, add Wilts (Devizes). There is a Unionist gain at St. Albans, and Labour gains at Belfast (N), Glasgow (Blackfriars) Sunderland and Warwickshire (Nuneaton).

The Liberals on Friday gained seats at Chester (Eddisbury and Macclesfield) Essex (Maldon) Gloucester (Cirencester) Herefordshire (Leominster)

Kent (Tunbridge) Kirsudbright, Montgomery (District) Norfolk (South-West) Pembroke (District) Perthshire (West) Suffolk (Sudbury) and Surrey (Chertsey). There was a Unionist gain at the University of London and two Labour gains are recorded at Northamptonshire (North) and Lancashire (Ince).

Further Liberal gains have been reported from Anglesey, Bedfordshire (Biggleswade), Beaks (Newbury), Bucks (Buckingham), Cumberland (Eskdale), Dumfrieshire, Glasgow (College), Huntingdon (South), Kent (Faversham), Leicester (Melton Mowbray), Middlesex (Enfield), Nottingham (Bassetlaw), Oxon (Woods Park) Peebless. Renfrew (West) Roxburghshire, Somerset (Bridgwater and North). The Unionists have gained seats at Ayr Burghs, Devon (Totnes), Shropshire (Oswentry), Sussex (Rye), and Yorkshire (Barkston Ash), There have been Labour gains at Kent (Dartford) and Nottinghamshire (Banetlaw).

The Unionists have gained a seat at Rye.

A cable correction gives Sir D. Dixon, Unionist, elected for North Belfast and not Walker (Liberal.)

There are Liberal gains at Buckinghamshire (Wycombe), Cornwall (Truro), Falkirk Burghs, Henfordshire (Walford), Kilmarnock, Lanarkshire, Lancashire (Eccles, Radcliffe and Southport), Northampton (South), Suffolk (Lowestoft), Sutherlandshire, Wilts (Wilton), Worcestershire (Droitwich) and Yorkshire (Otley), Labour gains are reported from Durham (Barnard Castle), Glamorganshire (Gower) and Yorkshire (Hallamshire,) where a Liberal has been displaced.

MEMS ABOUT MEMBERS.

(Concluded from page 5.)

Mr. Rainey (Kilmarnock) L., has captured a seat from the Conservatives. He made a determined effort to become M. P. for these Burghs in 1900 when he polled 5692 votes.

Mr. C. B. Harmsworth, (Droitwich, Worcestershire) L., has managed to secure the representation of a constituency for which he made an almost successful fight in 1900, being defeated by the Conservative candidate, Mr. R. B. Martin, by only 263 votes.

Sir John Brunner continues to hold his own in the Norwich division of Cheshire. Of foreign extraction, Sir John Brunner was yet born in England, and was one of the founders of the Winnington Alkali Works, now the largest concern of its kind in the world. Sir John was made a baronet by Lord Rosebery.

Mr. Hay Morgan (Truro, Cornwall) L., has won a striking victory. Sir Edward Durning Lawrence has represented Truro in the Conservative interest for some years, his last majority being 818. This Mr. Morgan has now demolished. Sir Edward Durning Lawrence was defeated for Burnley in 1892 by the notorious Jabez Spencer Balfour of Liberator fame.

Mr. Lief Jones (Appleby, Westmoreland) R., has managed to retain the seat which he won at a memorable bye-election not long ago. His opponent in the recent contest was the Earl of Kerry, son and heir to the Marquess of Lansdowne, and it must be very mortifying to the young Earl to find himself beaten by three votes only.

Major Faber (Andover Hampshire) (C) retains the seat he won at a recent bye-election, his opponent being then and now Mr. Judd, a public-spirited farmer. This seat in 1900 returned the veteran Mr. Bramston Beach, the late "Father of the House of Commons."

Mr. Harry Marks, (Isle of Thanet, Kent) C, has remarkable to relate, contrived to keep the seat he won at a recent bye-election. Ever since there has been a serious split in the Tory ranks in the Isle, and a number of influential Conservatives formed an alliance against Mr. Marks, whose past record has been questioned. He is a Jewish "financier."

Lord Helmsley (Thirsk, Yorkshire) (C) is the grandson and heir of Lord Feversham and his marriage to Lady Marjorie Greville, the only daughter of Lord and Lady Warwick, was one of the society events of 1904.

Mr. Rutherford (Darwin, Lancashire)(C) must be a peculiarly happy man. Darwin, it is true, has been Tory for twenty years, but the majorities in 1885, 1892, 1895 and 1900 were 5,214, 641 and 470 respectively which, considering that majorities of 2000 have disappeared like smoke in this election, could have given Alderman Rutterford little hope of a successful fight.

Lord Dalrymple, who becomes M. P., for Wigtownshire in the Conservative interest, is the eldest son of the Earl and Countess Stair, whose divorce proceedings have lately occupied so much attention.

Another heir to a Scottish earldom Lord Haddo, son of Lord Aberdeen, has a different tale to tell. He has been fighting Wokingham (Berks) in the Liberal interest, but has suffered defeat at the hands of Mr. Gardner.

Mr. Hadlock, Lonslade, (Lincolnshire) has scored a triumph for Fiscal Reform over Mr. R. Cavendish a Unionist, but a Free Trader.

Mr. A. Henderson who returns to the House for Barnard Castle, Durham, is a Labour candidate who scored a surprising victory for the "workers" at a bye-election recently. The constituency had previously been Liberal.

Another Labour victory is that of Mr. Brace in South Glamorgan where the Conservative candidate was the popular Colonel Wyndham Quinn.

Mr. Beck (Wisbech, Cambridgeshire) L., retains this wobbly seat for his party. It never had any very definite idea of politics.

Mr. Baunch amp (Lowestoft, Suffolk) R., has won a Tory stronghold for the Liberals. Lowestoft has always been Tory, with Col Lucas, who now quits the House, as its member for the last five years.

Mr. Morse, (Wilton, Wiltshire) has also captured a citadel of Toryism which last gave a Tory majority of 842 to Lieutenant Morison.

The redoubtable Mr. Perks keeps his seat for South Lincolnshire in the Non-conformist interest. He is a remarkable type of religionist as the pastor of the City Temple knows as well as any one.

Mr. J. D. Hope, (West Fifeshire) L., keeps this soundly Radical seat for his party. He is not a Liberal Imperialist, but he always wears an orchid.

Mr. Grove South (Northamptonshire), R., was beaten in 1900 by the Hon. E. Fetzroy by 1003. He has now, therefore, earned the sweets of victory.

Mr. Rateliff, (Burton, Staffordshire) (L. U) had majority here in 1900 of 2,171, The Liberals have failed to demolish this total and Mr. Ratcliff, who is a member of the big brewing firm, continues to represent the people of Burton.

Sir John Kenneway, (Honiton, Devonshire), (C), continues to represent this seat as he has done for the last twenty years. He is a country gentleman with a patriarchal beard, and has no end of influence in the West of England.

Col. Robert Williams (Bridport, West Dorset), (C) continues to represent the seat which returned him unopposed in 1900. His father was an M. P. The Colonel went to Eton and Christ Church, and married one of his daughters to the Bishop of Salisbury.

Mr. Morton, (Sutherlandshire) R., has won a triumph for Liberalism. He fought Mr. Leveson-Gower in 1900, but was defeated by 482. The same pair have been opponents in this election and the electoral tables have been turned.

Dr. Pollard (Eccles Lancashire) L., has probably had no difficulty in wresting Eccles from the Conservatives, for their majority in 1900 was only 219.

Mr. Astbury (Southport, Lancashire) R., has scored off the famous K.C., Mr. Marshall Hall, whose majority in 1900 was, however, only 209. Southport was Lord Curzon's old seat and since he vacated the seat in 1898 the division has returned a Radical. Southport moves irresponsibly.

Mr. Wadsworth (West Riding, Hallamshire) R., retains the seat for the Radicals, who have always predominated there.

Mr. Duncan (West Riding, Otley) R., also keeps this Liberal stronghold intact.

Colonel T. M. Sandys (Bootle, S. W, Lancashire) C., holds his place in the affections of Bootle.—"Bootle's Baby" in fact.—He has now represented the place for twenty years, and seems to be a feature. Both he and his father had fought for their country.

BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. M. Webb, I.C.S., Assistant Collector in the district of Dharwar, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. Webb is also appointed to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the administration of the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Mr. L. H. Spence, Assistant Inspector-General of Police, is granted privilege leave for thirty days with effect from the 3rd February, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. F. J. Lowman is confirmed as Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police with effect from the 26th September.

The Honourable Mr. A. C. Logan, I. C. S., is granted privilege leave for three months from 1st April, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. M. D. Mackenzie, Deputy Commissioner Thar and Parkar, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for seven months.

Mr. C. A. Beyts, I. C. S., to act as Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Parkar, during the absence on leave of Mr. M. D. Mackenzie

Mr. V. M. Ferrers, I.C.S., to act as Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier, vice Mr. C. A. Beyts, I.C.S., during the absence on leave of Mr. C. M. Baker, B.A. (Oxon.), I.C.S.

Mr. W. F. D. Fisher, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Third Grade, and Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months in combination with furlough for three months and twenty days.

Major C. H. L. Meyer, M.D., B.S. (Lon), I.M.S., on relief, to act as Professor of Medicine and Clinical Medicine and Therapeutics, Grant Medical College, vice Major L. F. Childe, M. B., I.M.S., proceeding on leave.

Captain E. F. G. Tucker, I.M.S., on relief, to act as Professor of Pathology and Morbid Anatomy, and Curator of Pathological Museum, Grant Medical College.

Mr. C. S. F. Crofton, I. C. S., to be Second Assistant vice Mr. C. M. Baker, I. C. S., promoted.

Major L. F. Childe, M. B., I. M. S., is granted, from the date of relief, such privilege leave as may be due to him on that date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to eight months.

Major C. H. L. Meyer, M.D., B.S. (Lon), I. M S., on relief, to act as First Physician, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital, vice Major L. F. Childe, M.B., I. M. S., proceeding on leave.

Captain E. F. G. Tucker, I. M. S., on relief to act as Second Physician, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital and Registrar, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital.

Captain H. Bennett, M.B., C.M., B.Sc., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., on relief, to act as Civil Surgeon, Surat.

Captain A. F. S. Leggatt, Second Battalion, Royal Scots, to be Adjutant, Second Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, vice Major C. J. E. A. McArthur with effect from the 8th January.

Captain F. H. G. Hutchinson, M.B., I.M.S., to be Resident Surgeon, St. George's Hospital, Bombay, vice Captain C. H. S. Lincoln, I.M.S., continuing to do duty as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration District, pending further orders.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Tebbs, V. D., Second Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifles, is granted ten months' leave out of India from 18th January.

Mr. P. E. Percival, B.A. (Oxon.), I.C.S., Under Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial and Legislative Departments, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave

Captain R. M. Carter, I. M. S., has been appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Jacobabad, from the 1st November, in addition to his own duties.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A POLICE PATEL.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, at the High Court yesterday, disposed of an appeal by Laldas Narotam Patidar, Revenue and police Patel of Vamali, in the Mamdavad Taluka who was convicted by Mr. Sorabji Padamji, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in his Court at Nadiad, of the offence of abetment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, by accused having aided his servant Hathi Fula who has since absconded, in causing the death of Narayen Bhaiji, on 23rd August 1905. The proceedings showed that the day was the Birth to Gokal Ashtami holiday, Deceased remonstrated with the Patel and his servant for being on improper terms with this relation, Neenee, woman, who had been divorced by her husband on account of her misconduct. The quarrel was conducted opposite the shop of Kikamal Vania; and from words, the parties soon came to blows. Hathi gave a cut with his hoe to the deceased, who fell down. The Patel held him by the legs, when Hathi gave him two more cuts on the chest and abdomen. Seeing this, the deceased's sister Hakka came out of her house to intervene, but she was pushed aside; she raised a cry, when deceased's wife Dewali came out, and the accused disappeared. The Sessions Judge convicted the accused on the evidence, and sentenced him to seven years rigorous imprisonment. Their lordships, after hearing the Hon. Mr. Gokaldas K. Parakh for the accused, and Rao Bahadur Vasudev J. Kirtiker, Government Pleader, for the Crown, confirmed the conviction and sentence, and dismissed the appeal.

THE ADMINISTRATION OF BOMAY.

Concluded from page 5.)

The work of the Civil Courts did not very much from that of last year with the exceptions of Kathiawar and the smaller Southern Maratha State there was but little change in the number of documents presented for registration. As a rule, the various States could attempt but few original public work and such expenditure as could be incurred was devoted almost entirely to repairs. Although the trade of the Kathiawar ports improved specially in exports, the figures for Cutch show a decline under both imports and exports. In Native States as in British districts the year was a dull one and no active progress was possible.

LEGISLATION.

Four Acts were passed during the year, of which the more important were an Act to amend the Khoti Settlement Act; an Act to further amend the Bombay District Municipal Act; and an Act to regulate the use of Motor-vehicles in the Bombay Presidency. In addition to these, four Bills were introduced dealing with the establishment of a Court of Wards and amendment to the Gujarat Taluqdars' Act and the Abkari Act, as well as the amendment for repeal of certain other enactments.

WOMEN'S INTEREST.

"I put it in my diary."

THE "DRESSING-UP" CRAZE.

THE SEASON'S DANCES.

LONDON, JAN. 5.

One of the pantomime songs of the year is "I put it in my diary." This is just the time of year when this popular pantomime ditty appeals to one. There is always so much that determines one at this season to keep a diary, and so much later on that persuades one that it is a perfectly futile undertaking. "An fond," the diary is a useful and interesting compilation. Moralists will tell you that it keeps you from doing many foolish things, because it is a painful operation to record them in cold blood. This is nonsense. One need to be truthful even to one's diary; but if it is kept with even a moderate amount of veracity it serves in after years or even next year, as a very useful record of wasted time, lost opportunities, irretrievable blunders, and mistakes to be henceforth avoided. In my opinion no diary should ever be kept unless its writer has a cipher of his or her own invention. If it is worth while to preserve the diary for the delectation or instruction—or both—of one's decendants, then the key to the cipher should be placed in the hands of family solicitors with instructions that it should not be given up for so many years. To keep a faithful record of one's thoughts and words and deeds that can be read by anyone is nothing short of suicidal folly. If you are a woman, your husband may read it, and thus will flee your peace. If you are a man, your wife will surely read it and never believe in you again; and if you never marry, be you man or woman, to read by the light of other days of bygone follies, of unfulfilled hopes, of those loved long since and now lost, is truly a sad proceeding. I think the day of the diary has gone by. It served its purpose well in times when people lived differently and there was no personal journalism. But nowadays we had best write of ourselves only on the tablets of our memories, and forget as much as we can.

How is it that everyone at the present time seems to be seeing ghosts? For some years past the poor ghost has been quite out of favour. Someone was complaining awhile ago that the Christmas story of the present time never frozo the more or less young blood of the reader; and now, all at once, just as if every shade had risen in self-defence, one hears from the most unlikely people of strange sights seen and uncanny sounds heard. Ghosts have become a favourite topic of conversation, and it is remarkable to note how very seriously the subject is discussed at dinner-tables and even in ballrooms. At all events, it has become quite the right thing to have seen a ghost but lest any should venture to invent one for their own aggrandisement, I would point out that they will probably find themselves brought low by the proceeding. People are taking ghosts quite seriously, as they do everything nowadays. Whether they diet, or motor, or play Bridge or golf, they do it thoroughly, and so it will not do to see any species of ghost or to produce an old Christmas-number kind of wraith. It is not this sort of thing that is being seen but most assuredly there is a boom in ghosts at the moment, and, what is more, it is the least imaginative and the least credulous folk who seem to be having the best experiences.

The "dressing-up" craze grows more and more. Hotesses find it comes as a boon and as a blessing when country-house parties have to be entertained; but the game is spreading rapidly in town, and will surely ere long take still wider scope. On the whole, perhaps, it is one of the most commendable crazes of modern times. It encourages ingenuity, it is inoffensive, it is amusing, and it pleases the eye. While, of course, it devolves upon each individual to make the best possible effect, it is really the hostess who is responsible for the gaiety of the game since it is she who has to choose the guise in which her guests shall appear, and very much more depends on her choice than at first meets the eye. As we have been lately assured, we are much more influenced by our clothes than we realise, and it is found that it makes considerable difference when we are asked to a "heads," or an impromptu "period" or "charector" dinner, how the hostess has chosen for us. But, anyway, people seem to have seized with gladness on this form of entertainment, of which, no doubt, we shall hear much more, and which will be greatly developed when the General Election is well over and we have more time to give to amusing ourselves and others.

If "Old Moore" is to be believed—and it is quite astonishing how many people do pin their faith on his predictions—we shall be a very sobersided, severely dressed folk in a few months' time. There is to be an end to all frivolity in the coming days, and our attire is to be almost Puritanical in its simplicity. One wonders how this marvellous change is to be wrought. Who will be the brave—and, for that matter, strong—spirits who will lead the way? No ordinary folk can tear our laces and furs and gewgaws from us, and make us rake our hair back, and if, as we are told, there is to be a slump in all kinds of entertainments, and severity of attire is to be the order of the day, one can only assume that the wonder workers who are to effect this strange change in us will at the same time be able to change the spirit of the dreams of theatrical managers, modistes, and most tredesmen. The picture is not an alluring one, however, and it is to be hoped the "enlightening influence" which it is presumed is to dress us plainly and cut us off from all frivolous entertainments will be withheld for a space.

As you read the "Gazette" at this moment, in what coloured mood do you find yourself? In what coloured mood did you awake this morning? What was your shade when you went to bed last night? The colour theorists have now discovered that in the matter of our moods we are positively chameleon-like. We may be pink, blue, violet, aquamarine, or black as Acheron itself in the course of a single morning. Most of us know when we are in a becoming mood, and there is certainly no difficulty in other people recognising when we are in our black or grey moods. There are some, it is uncomfortably suggested, who are permanently tinted, and they are thus eccentric, dreamy, positively mad, or extremely amenable and pleasant, as the case may be. There are others who are like the principal girl in the pantomime under the limelight—every colour in the rainbow according to their environment. If they are beat on buying new clothes, they are roseate; if they are being outrivalled by another woman, they are green; if they are pressed by Coralie or Stephanie, or have had a bad Bridge day, they are blue, even a letter or an afternoon caller may change them from pink to yellow, or amber to green. Perhaps, now we know that we are prismatic as to our moods, it may be some help to us in keeping the most disagreeable colours turned off. It must surely have a deterrent effect to remember suddenly that by doing this or thinking thus we are in danger of going yellow, or a nasty dull orange, or a horrid muddy brown. On the other hand, how pleasant to know one is a nice becoming pink, or mentally suffused with rose!

A fresh measure which has created a perfect furore in Germany is the "Pas de Six," a curious combination of valse, polka, and mazurka. This dance commences first of all with a short polka step, which is succeeded by a long glisse forward, this in turn being followed by a mazurka backward step and a half-turn, the whole being once repeated and the measure terminated by several tours de valse. In Paris preference is given to the latest American and Russian dances, the latter—which bears the name of the "Rousskaya"—being very slow and graceful. The quadrille in Paris to-day has been to a large extent superseded by the "grand carre," the lancers—as perpetrated in England, which was introduced some time ago—being considered too ungraceful and clumsy. An innovation which is becoming increasingly popular is that of augmenting the string band which performs the necessary music by a chorus of voices, the rhythm given by the singers and violins together being unattainable by strings alone. While it immensely improves valses and American dances, it is unsuitable for the jerky movement of polkhas or mazurkas. A certain measure of success still follows the once ubiquitous "Berline polka," and several new steps have brought this dance, which was so popular years ago, again to the fore. After a forward slide the partners rapidly change hands, repeating the first step in an opposite direction. Four steps to the right and four to the left are followed by a four de valse, when the first movement is again repeated.

Costume balls are exceedingly popular at the present moment in Paris, and when the dress of men and girls alike is restricted to one historical period—such as for instance the time of Louis XV. or the First Empire—the oldfashioned quadrille, contredanses, galopades, minuets, gavottes, and other long-forgotten dances are resuscitated. But the "Boston," as it is called, and its many varieties is the latest craze "outre manche," and reprarents all that is most modern and go-ahead in Paris to-day. The double Boston, with its two-step, or the "Esme"—a combination of the single and the double step—finds a place in public and private dances alike, and promises to be the favourite for some time to come. Opinions differ as to its qualities from an artistic point of view, but those who approve of the innovation aver that the long gliding steps, the absence of continual turning, and the minuet or quadrille fashion of holding hands gracefully are distinct points in its favour, while to the ease with which it can be learnt—practically in a few minutes—it owes no inconsiderable share of its popularity. The Kermesse, which is also danced in France just now, is excessively graceful, and is not unlike skating in the swing and "slide" with which the dancers cover the floor.

THE MAHOMEDAN CORONATION FREE SCHOOLS.

The First Annual General Meeting of the schools was held on Sunday night when there was a gathering of over 1,500 persons, the following being among those present:—Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan M. A. L. L. B. Solisitor, Moulvi Abdul Wadood Saheb, Moulvi Israr-ul-Haq Tootee-i-Hind Rohtaki, Khan Saheb Shaik Ebrahim Hafiz J. P. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rehman Kadwani, Haji Ismail Haji Yoosof Ahmedabadi, Mr. Ismail Hafiz, High Court Translator, Kazi Mahomed Ismail Chilmal late High Court Translator, Munshi Mahomed Bakir, Haji Ibrahim Jiskar, Mr. Abdur Rehman Shaik Bhoolan; Mr. Abdushakur; Mr. Shaik Sulleman, Mr. Goolam Rassool Mahomed Fazul; Mr. Mahomed Saied; Mr. Munshi Mahomed Khan; Hakim Sirajuddin; Mr. Ali Mahomed Moulvi B. A. Mr. Mazher Hussein Moulvi B. A. Subedar Major Sirdar Bahadur Said Azam: Syed Ismail Jamadar and many others.

On the motion of Haji Ismail Ahmedabadi seconded by Khan Saheb Shaik Ebrahim Hafiz J.P. and supported by Mr. Ali Mahomed Moulvi B. A., Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan M. A. L. L. B. Solicitor, was voted to the chair.

Mr. Ali Mahomed Moulvi B.A. read the abstract of the accounts of the school for the past year which showed an income of Rs 265 entirely consisting of donations against an expenditure of Rs. 398-8-0, the deficit of Rs. 133-8-0 being advanced by the Honorary Secretary Khan Saheb Shaik Ebrahim Hafiz J.P. The boys and Girls of the Free School next recited passages from the Koran in a clear and impressive manner and also recited Urdu poems and gave religious catechism. Two pairs of very young girls showed themselves clever at dialogues containing rudiments of Islam religion,

Moulvi Israr-ul-Haq Tootee-i-Hind-Rohtaki then gave an effective lecture on the importance of education as inculcated in Islam and touched on the merits of the Koran as compared with other books claiming Devine origin. At the end of his lecture he invited the audience to support the Institution by giving subscriptions which appeal was liberally responded to by those present.

Messrs. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan, Rs. 30, Haji Ismail Haji Yoosuf Ahmedabadi, Munshi Mahomed Bakir, Ismail Hafiz, High Court Translator, each Rs. 25, Abdur Rahim Bhoolan Rs. 10, Syed Umedally Rs. 15, Khan Bahadur Haji Abdur Rahmad Kadwani Rs. 8, Abdusshakur, Ismail Hassan, Abdul Gani Shaik Suleman, Hakim Sirajuddin, Mahomed Engineer, Karimbhoy Rahim, Goolam Rasool, Hassan Mia Fateh Mahomed, Sirdar Syed Azam, Messrs. Ali Mahomed Moulvi, Mahomed Said Dubaroo, Munshi Mahomed Khan, Haji Abdulla Chawalla, Hakim Ahmed Khan, Syed Esmail Syed Jamadar, Haji Abdur Rehman Nassar, Kassam Khan Baba Khan, Syed Sultan Ali Burban Ali, Hakim Abdool Kadir Khan, Fakir Mahomed Babu Saheb Kaiyr, Shaik Abdur Ahmid Akkarl Inspector, each Rs. 5, Mulla Abdur Rahman, Messrs Ebrahim Turner, Haji Ismail, Haji Miya Engineer, Munshi Noor Khan Head Master, Wasiuddin, Hussein Mahomed, Sirdar Ali Engineer, Messrs Noor Elahi Ramzan, Goolam Mahomed Abdul Razack, Munshi Abdool Razack, Messrs Mahomed Yoosoof Guard, Ebrahim Saheb Muccadam, Raje Khan, each Rs. 2, Miss Khatizabai Shaik Ahmed, Messrs Abdool Gafoor Watway, Abdool Gafoor Sahib, Haji Ismail Attar, Subedar Major Ameerkhan, Messrs Darvesh Miya, Sharfoodin, Cassum Sarang, Deena Mukadum, Shaik Ebrahim Khodabux, Mr Goolam Mahomed Haji Ebadulla, each Rs. 1. Total subscription below one rupee, Rs. 6. Total Rs. 293-6-0.

Nawab Sadroodin of Baroda and the Anjuman-i-Ziaul Islam of Bombay, had sent in respectively 200 copies and 160 copies of certain books on Islam to be distributed to the students of the School which were acknowledged with thanks.

The President then made his concluding remarks in which he briefly referred to the important part the Free School was playing in locality which was almost wholly inhabitedly poor Mahomedans who were unable to pay for the education of their children and nowhere was it more imperative to place a Free School for Primary Education than in this locality. The Free School depended for its maintenance solely on the donations of the charitably disposed gentlemen and in declaring the result of the subscription opened at the meeting he thanked the subscribers on behalf of the School. He also thanked Moulvi Isratul Haq for his eloquent lecture and also those present for the trouble they had taken to attend the meeting. He further stated that there were at present 117 boys and 57 girls receiving education in the School and that they entailed an average expenditure of Rs. 50 per mensem. He expressed a fervent hope that the school would never be in want of sympathisers on whose donations depended its continuance. He also referred to the inestimable zeal and self sacrifice of the energetic Honorary Secretary Khan Saheb Shaik Ebrahim Hafiz J. P. who had not only advanced the deficit of income over expenditure of the past year but was daily incurring various expenditure in connection with the school which were not shown in the abstract of the accounts, beside undergoing considerable personal inconvenience in furthering the object of the School. A vote of thanks was accorded to the President and the assembly dispersed a at late hour.

CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

An ordinary general meeting of shareholders o the Company (in liquidation) was held yesterday at the registered office, Hornby Road Mr. Ratanshah E Kohiyar presiding. The following directors' report, dated 13th December last, was submitted:—

"You will remember that the last Report and accounts were made up to 31st December 1904 and that the Company went into voluntary liquidation on 30th January 1905. Accordingly the Directors have to submit to you their report and the accounts for the period between 1st and 30th January 1905 which they beg now to do. To enable the Directors to do this and any other work that may be necessary their powers were continued by the Liquidators under section 177 (e) of the Indian Companies' Act 1882. The surveyors appointed by the Company and the Underwriters to ascertain the loss sustained by the fire which destroyed the Company's Mills awarded the following amounts:—Buildings, Rs. 1,84,489 9-3; machinery and accessories, Rs. 5 56 902—0-8; Stock and Stock in process, Rs. 90,407—4-3. Total Rs. 8 11,858 14 1. Of this amount Rs. 71,752—12-4 were received up to the time the Company went into liquidation and the balance of Rs. 7 40,206 1-9 has since been paid by the Underwriters to the Liquidators as you will find from their accounts. The period under report being so short the Directors have nothing further to add."

It was resolved that the audited statement of accounts from 1st to 30th January 1905, and the Directors' report previously circulated, be and are hereby approved and adopted.

At the close of the ordinary meeting, an extraordinary general meeting was held for laying an account before the shareholders, showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company had been conducted, etc. The following report of the liquidators was submitted:—

"We beg to circulate among the shareholders our report together with an audited statement of receipts and disbursements from 31st January 1905 to 8th January 1906 which will be formally laid before you at a meeting which we have convened under section 130 of the Indian Companies Act 1882. It will be seen from the statement that the balance of Rs. 7,40,206-1-9 due by the underwriters for loss by fire to buildings, machinery, accessories and stock and stock in process was recovered. Offers were invited through the press and by means of handbills for the purchase of what remained of our property consisting of land and portions of buildings machinery and accessories saved from the fire. The highest offer received was for Rs. 3,30,000 from Messrs. Bradbury Brady and Co.; it was accepted and the property was at their request conveyed on 23rd May 1905 to the New City of Bombay Manufacturing Co., Ltd. The stock-in-trade consisting of coal, stores wastes, old castings, a baling press, hand reels, office and mill furniture, &c. realised a net sum of Rs. 30 10-5-10. It will be in the recollection of Shareholders that the difficult question of the agents' claim for compensation and for balance of commission for the year 1904 was amicably settled and sanctioned by the Shareholders at their meeting held of 24th July 1905 and a sum of Rs 2,00,000 was paid to the agents in full satisfaction of all their claims. The payment has been made and a formal release obtained. We have declared and paid the following distributions out of the assets of the Company:—A first distribution of Rs. 1,000 per share (being paid up capital) declared payable from 12th March 1905. A second capital declared Rs. 475 from 2nd August 1905. A third and final declared Rs. 25 from 13th October 1905 from the abstract annexed to the statement of the account it will be seen that up to 8th January 1906 a sum of Rs. 9,925, still remains unpaid on account of the three distributions. There is also in hand a sum of Rs. 230, being unclaimed dividends. The bulk of the unclaimed distributions belongs to members who are dead and as to which there are disputes among the claimants. It will therefore be necessary for you to pass a resolution for disposal of the amount. There is also a small balance of Rs. 579-5-5 in hand the disposal of which will also have to be determined. It will be seen that one of the Liquidators Mr. Dorabjee C. Shroff declines to receive his remuneration. You will also have to pass an extraordinary resolution as to the disposal of the books, accounts, vouchers and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators. Of course it would be impossible and useless to preserve all the books and papers which have accumulated during the 20 years of the Company's existence: only such books as are absolutely need be preserved. Lastly a resolution will have to be passed declaring the Company to be dissolved."

The accounts and the liquidators report were approved and adopted. It was resolved that the liquidators do hand over the sum of Rs.8,135 standing to the credit of unclaimed distributions and dividends, to Messrs. Cursetjee Muncherjee Banajee, Dady N. Dady, Dorabjee Cursetjee Shroff, and Ratanshah E. Kohiyar, to be deposited by them with the National Bank of India, in current account, to be operated on by them, or the survivor or survivors of them, for the purpose of paying to the persons entitled, to receive the distributions and dividends, and that at the end of five years from this date, whatever monies may remain unclaimed shall be divided into two equal parts and one such part small be paid to the trustees of the Parsee Sankat Nivaran Fund and the other part to the trustees of the Bombay Pinjrapole. It was resolved further that the liquidators do pay in like manner to the four persons named above, the balance in hand of Rs. 579-5-5 to be utilised by them in paying such further expenses as may be incurred for the purpose of finally winding up the Company; and that the balance, if any, shall be divided among such of the employes of the Company and in such proportions as they shall deem proper. It was also resolved that the books, accounts and documents of the Company and of the liquidators, as the liquidators may in their discretion consider necessary to preserve be taken in charge by Mr. Cursetjee Muncherjee Banajee, and that the rest of the books, accounts and documents be destroyed. It was also resolved that this Company be, and is hereby dissolved subject to the provision of section 137 of the Indian Companies' Act of 1882.

The proceedings closed with the customary compliment to the Chairman.

Mr. H. Compton, Secretary of the Anti-Tea Duty League, expects that the supporters of the League will number 100 in the new Parliament. Fifty have already been returned at the Elections.

Miss Mary Poonen, only daughter of Surgeon E. Poonen, M. D., of the Trevandrum General Hospital, has succeeded in passing the F. A. Examination. She is the first Syrian Christian lady to pass this examination and she did brilliantly in the Matriculation some years ago.

A Pearl Fishery will take place at Marichchukkaddi, Ceylon on about February 20th The banks to be fished are—the South-East Cheval, the Mid-West Cheval, the Muttuvaratu Paar, and the North Modaragam Paar. Fishing will begin on the first favourable day after February 19th.

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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

Endless columns of the London and Provincial Press have lately been given up to the wonder of the Drury Lane pantomime, and as usual the greatest wonder of them all has not been honoured with so much as an inch. This greatest wonder of all is that the pantomime should come to be produced actually on the appointed day, let alone the appointed hour. A last or an "advanced" rehearsal of a Drury Lane "annual" is something like a very bad nightmare, and it should be carefully avoided by the person desirous of enjoying its public performance. There are certain things at rehearsal that go wrong at every trial, they are things that to the stranger seem simple enough to do—and that is where the nightmare comes in.

Over and over again some hidden member of the stage staff is told, in no hesitating or half-hearted manner, to shine a certain light on a certain object at a certain time. Over and over again he shines the wrong light on the wrong object at the wrong time. The attempt to get the right effect in this direction is eventually abandoned, at least for a time; the assistant stage manager or the chief electrician assuring the producer with an amount of confidence perfectly appalling under the circumstances, that "that'll be all right"!

Some of the ladies of the ballet are capering about in their ordinary everyday clothes. "Where are those dresses?" The assistant stage manager doesn't know. The costumier's man doesn't know. Nobody knows. But that'll all right also. And so will the lady be who cannot for the very life of her remember two lines together in a rhyming address of twenty. And so will the fireplace of the Baronial Hall be which will insist upon making a solemn and obstinate appearance in he Pumpkin Grove, to the despair of the gentleman who has painted the pumpkins. And so will the ponies be, whose one idea at present is to take Cinderella's carriage up a long flight of steps into the Palace. And so will that violin be, or that piccolo, or that bassoon, or that horn, or that trombone, over which the massive "Jimmy" Glover, the popular conductor of the Drury Lane orchestra, has ten distinct times gone stark, staring mad. And so will everything else be that is all wrong. And everything else is! That is the most marvellous part about it!

It all ends like the tale of the little old woman with the pig that wouldn't get over the stile. At the eleventh hour the hidden Genius of Light understands and obeys the stage manager's orders. At the eleventh hour the ladies, who have been prancing around in walking skirts, silk blouses, and furboas, receive their "wings and thing" from the costumier's. At the eleventh hour, the lady with the twenty lines could, if occasion required, say them backwards standing on her head. And at the eleventh hour the fireplace of the Baronial Hall knows its place, the ponies forget all about their longing to upset Cinderellas carriage on the steps of the Palace and the confused instrument in Mr. Glovers orchestra, having "wandered about into several keys," all of them wrong, suddenly comes across the right one and sticks to it. All, well that ends well, but the man who has been present at the last rehearsal of the pantomime has a terribly anxious time of it on "the night" even though he may not be in any way concerned in the production. To the mere outside who has had no real right at the rehearsal, the strain of looking out for trouble on the first night is very wearing. What must it be to Mr. Arthur Collins?

All that was expected and predicted in these columns of Mr. Walter Passmore who appears as the Baroness of the Bnrnand and Hickory Wood version of Cinderella, has by that tactful comedian been fully realised. He has proved himself the right man in the right place—always remembering, to Mr. Passmore's further credit that Drury Lane audiences are harder to please than was the case years ago The late Sir Augustus Harris had done his duty so far as the cast of the pantomime went when he had engaged as principals ladies and gentlemen who wer the especial pets of music-hall audiences. But the "breakdown" and the topical song—to say nothing of the tropical song!—are no longer the indispensable ingredients of the pantomime pudding. The tastes of the masses are reformed and Mr Passmore has gone to Drury Lane a time when Mr. Arthur Collins does not hesitate to allow one of his leading men (Mr. Harry Fragson) to sing a sentimental French song at a grand piano.

The Savoyard from the blue moon has been obliged, of course, to drow his Baroness de Bluff with rather thick strokes, for Drury Lane pantomime must even to-day, be recognised as a thing apart from the atmosphere of Peter Panism. But between the thick strokes one gets the colouring and the shading of the careful and refined artist. To Mr. Passmore has been given to delicate job of letting down tradition lightly. He is a Baroness of pantomime, and a Baroness de Bluff at that, but he is not for ever and ever tumbling over his train, or pulling up outrageous Court gowns to show a red flanel petticoat beneath, or assuming a sitting posture on the Baronial kitchen cat; and he does not wear a carroty wig and a vermilion nose. He is as near comedy as he dare be as near pantomime as is necessary.

Although Mr. Arthur Williams, the Baron at Drury Lane was in his early days associated with pantomime, it is evidently not on that account, but rather for the reason that he has done such fine comedy work that he has been engaged for Mr. Arthur Collins's Cinderella. It is true that in amiable obedience to the quieter demands of tradition he wears extravagant dressing-gowns and gorgeous smokingcaps, but he plays the part quite in the comy manner or at most in the eccentric comedy manner, and there is nothing in the least bit 'pantomimey" in his tone even when in a domestic mood born of impecuniosity he announces his intention of going off to change the canary's water and dust the coals. Mr Harry Randall as the page, Alfonso has tonedhim self down in a most wonderful way, and is "funny without being vulgar"—as he should find no real difficulty in being seeing that he was once an angelic choirboy in the Chapel Royal, Savoy, and afterwards an eminently respectable heraldic stationer.

The one from America and the other from Paris, But Mr. Harry Fragson, who is tall and lithe and walks the stage in the manner but not with the restless springyness of Mr. Frank Wyatt and who has a lot about him of the vocal characteristics of Mr. Maurice Farkoa, is really an Englishman, and although he is now, like the latest fashions, straight from Paris, there was a time, in Paris, when he was straight from London. The success in Cinderella of his delicate comedy and of his almost pathetic singing voice shows probably more than anything else what a great change has come over Drury Lane audiences and Drury Dane pantomime. Artist as he is, and most enjoyable as is his performance throughout, it is a question whether the gods of the "Lane" would have stood him for five minutes a few years ago.

And it would have been said of the bady-faced Miss May de Sousa, in the days of Sir Augustus Harris, that she was not half strong enough "for the vast auditorium of the National Theatre," when the qualifications of a new-comer at Drury Lane were discussed in the old days. But the new Cinderella suits the new audiences at Drury Lane down to the ground. She is even more different from the typical "principal girl" than chalk from cheese. Her soprano voice is entirely free of that curious strect wail—it has no kindlier name—which is so characteristic of the vocal efforts of ordinary "principal ladies," and her bearing is most dainty and refined. In fact it is almost impossible to contemplate her pretty performance in the brilliant pantomime at Drury Lane without saying to oneself, What a beautiful Bluebell she would make! On the whole, Mr. Arthur Collins has been peculiarly fortunate in his pantomime cast this year, and for the care he has taken in this and other directions almost as important he deserves the best and the heartiest congratulations and support.

A politely-phrased complaint from a reader of M. A. P. compels me to hark back to my last week's review of the stage 1905, and to add a postscript. I am told that my telegraphic message of the theatrical year's doing would have been "a complete record and a perfect reference" if I had not forgotten to include in the old year's production The Blue Moon at the Lyric, Mrs. Grundy at the Scala, and A Midsummer Night's Dream at the Adelphi. After that, how can I hesitate to supply the missing links to that long chain of the theatrical events which reached the length of four columns—one more column than my usual share—in last week's issue? Mr. Robert Courtonidge certainly did not deserve to be left out in the cold after giving 1905 such handsome entertainment as was, and is now, to be found in The Blue Moon. The success of the piece (which some one somewhere announced when it came out "as more Blue Moon musical comedy!") meant the greater credit to him for its being his first London production.

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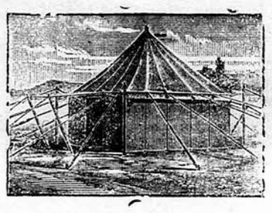

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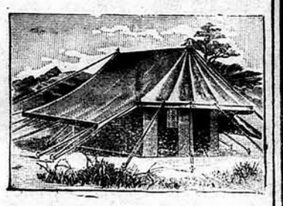

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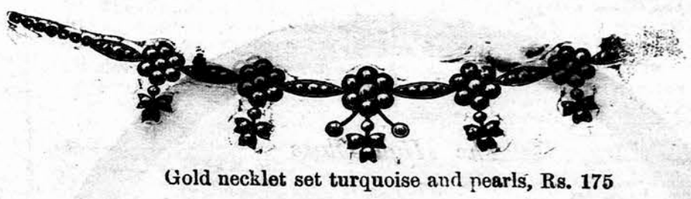

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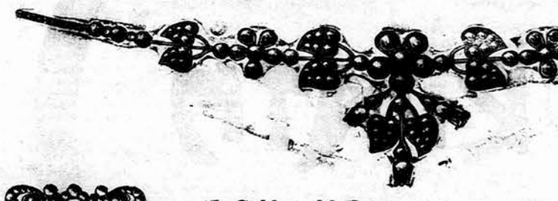

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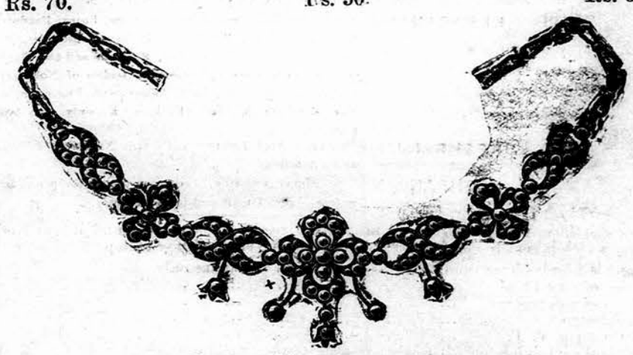

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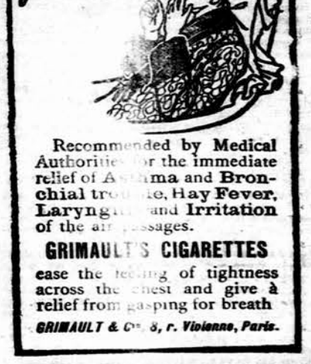

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Bombay Gazette.

SECOND EDITION

BOMBAY FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1906.

ALLEGED ILLEGAL DISPOSITION OF LAND.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Justice Batty have, at the Bombay High Court, disposed of an appeal of Ramapa Jagdevapa Biradar, original defendant No. 2, in the suit in which Shivlingapa Satgavda Patil sued (1) the Secretary of State for India, (2) the abovenamed Ramapa, and his cousin (3) Sateapa Lingapa Biradar, to recover certain land. Shivlingapa, plaintiff in the original suit, was respondent in the present appeal.

On 25th March 1905, the suit was decided by Mr. B. C. Kennedy District Judge of Bijapur, who, in the course of his decision, said that the land was bought by the plaintiff at a revenue-sale, held on 23th February, 1900 on 5th September, 1900, he was put in possession, on 17th November, 1900, he was dispossessed by the Collector. The land in question was Revision Survey No 167 in Bamanhalli taluka Bijapur. Limitation did not apply to the case, nor was any fraud committed by the plaintiff by reason of his having signed a statement to the effect that defendant 3 had exclusive interest in his own strip of land. When plaintiff appealed to the Commissioner he had been deprived of the strip of No. 2 under the Collector's orders. Appeal to the Commissioner was made on the ground that no notice had been given to the plaintiff about the intended proceedings against him, and he had no been heard in respect thereof. The Commissioner deprived him of his title to the strip of No. 3 also but in the opinion of the Court, the Commissioner had no legal power to interfere at all with that strip. Up to the time of the confirmation of sale both the Collector and Commissioner could interfere under Section 178 and 179 of the Land Revenue Code. Once the sale was confirmed and no application was made by any one against it previous to such confirmation, the Revenue officials had no power to interfere. The order of the Collector setting aside the sale already confirmed of No. 2 section was illegal but as the sale itself was illegal, the two illegalities cancelled one another and the plaintiff was properly dispossessed. But the dispossion of plaintiff from No 3's share was illegal and the Commissioner's order confirming such dispossession was also illegal. Plaintiff was, therefore, illegaly dispossessed of No. 3's portion of which he was the legal purchaser. The Courts order was that plaintiff should recover possession from the defendants of the interests of No. 3 in the land, with mesne profits for three years, from defendant No. 2. As the necessity of the suit arose from the confusion and mismanagsment of the taluka officials who were the agents of defendant No. 1, the Secretary of State, and he being the principal defendant the contentious part of whose defence was chiefly that certain acts were legal which were not legal, the Court directed that he should pay the plaintiff's costs, and bear his own.

Against this decision defendant No. 2 appealed, on the following grounds among others; The Lower Court had no jurisdiction the suit was time-barred by Article 14, Schedule B., of the Limitation Act. plantiffs possession had legally terminated; the statement made by the plaintiff that No. 3 had exclusive interest in the land should have been held fraudulent; the setting aside by the Collector was wrongly held to be illegal and plaintiff was wrongly held to be the legal owner; and appellant was wrongly held to be liable for mesne profits.

The Hon Mr. Justice Russell pronounced the judgment of the Court. He said the order of the Commissioner was upheld by Government on 7th April, 1903. Having regard to the statement of No. 2, in his application that he had no objection to the sale of the share of No. 3 and having regard to Sections 178 and 179 of the Land Revenue Code, the Commissioner had no power to cancel the sale of the share of No. 3. No. 3 had never objected to this state of things; he was content. The High Court could not see any standing which No. 2 had to appeal in this case, The description of the shares as northern and southern, showed that the cousins had equal and distinct shares. The decree of the Lower Court was confirmed with costs.

THE Committee to consider questions respecting the relations between landlord and tenant in Bengal met at Calcutta for the first time on Saturday last, under the presidency of Mr. Justice Rampini. The provisions of his draft Bill amending the Tenancy Act have to be discussed and the Committee will continue to sit each Saturday, until they have been agreed upon. No serious difficulties are likely to arise, and the Committee is a strong one both as regards landlords and revenue officers. the objects aimed at are to safeguard the interests of the good landlord and the good tenant alike, the two most important persons in the rural districts of Bengal. The Bill when finally drafted will be submitted to the Government of India, and thence on to the Secretary of State for approval. It should be ripe for introduction into the Legislative Council in July, when it will be published and an opportunity be given for public criticism. It is not intended to pass it until the session of next cold weather.

SETTING FIRE TO AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.

CONVICTION OF THE ACCUSED.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston, presiding at the Bombay High Court, have disposed of an application for revision in a case against Fakira Sangappa, and Sangappa Shidlingappa, accused Nos. 2 and 3, who were convicted by Mr. M. S Vinokar, first class Magistrate at Bijapur, in August last of causing mischief by fire, and No. 2 was sentenced to ten months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default two months' further rigorous imprisonment, and No. 3 to eight months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25, or in default one month's further rigorous imprisonment. No. 1, who did not appeal, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. In appeal the conviction and sentences were confirmed by Mr. B. Tyabjee Sessions Judge of Bijapur.

It appeared there were three complainants in the case, named Luxmon Malappa, and Durgappa. Between 2 and 3 a.m. on the 13th March last, Luxmon heard the dogs bark, and got up and looked about him to see what the matter was As he saw his stacks of jowari straw burning, he roused the third complainant, and both of them ran towards their stacks. On hearing their cries, the second complainant joined them. Two other persons came there; and accused No. 1, who was found near the burning stacks, was secured and bound hand and foot, because his hands smelt of kerosine oil, and a match box was found with him. In the meantime accused Nos. 2 and 3, who were recognised by several persons, ran away from the spot, and succeeded in making their escape though they were pursueds On being questioned accused No. 1 said that it was not only he who set fire to the stacks, but also Nos, 2 and 3 who did it and ran away, leaving him in the lurch. Though every search was made by the police for accused Nos, 2 and 3, they were not found in the village, and their whereabouts could not be traced for three months. They were at last caught by the police in another village. The defence of accused Nos 1 was that Nos. 2 and 3 called him that night without informing him why he was really wanted, and handing to him the match box before the Court and a piece of cattledung cake, soaked in kerosine oil, set fire to the complainants' stacks and ran away leaving him in the lurch. It seemed to the Magistrate that accused No. 1 was a dupe of accused Nos. 2 and 3, because he was foolish enough to accompany them and allowed himself to be a tool in their hands for the purpose of accomplishing their object. The Magistrate convicted the three accused and sentenced them as mentioned above.

Their lordships, on a review of the case, rejected the application.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE, A. D. C. COMMANDING.

Bombay, January 26.

The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for Class Firing and practice to-morrow Saturday afternoon the 27th instant. Train leaves Church Gate Stat on 3-20 p.m Standard Time.

By Order,
T. W. CUFFE, Major
Commanding B. L. H

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, January 26.

70 Musketry—The Range at Santa Cruz is at the disposal of C C "E" Coy on Sunday the 28th instant

II The Range at Gnat Kopar is at the disposal of C C "C" Coy on Sunday the 26th Instant

7t Camp of Exercise—The Annual Camp of Exercise will take place at Santa Cruz from the 2nd to 10th February 1906

Conveyance—On Saturday the 3rd February special arrangements will be made for the conveyance of Volunteers to Santa Cruz by the Train leaving Colaba at 3-10 p m, Fares will be paid for those Volunteers Joining the Train at Colaba Church Gate Marine Lines Cantonment Road and Mahalaxm Station Volunteers travelling from any other stations will pay their own fare which will be refunded

The Railway Authorities have made arrangements to reserve accommodation by the trains leaving to the following timing daily :—

From Santa Cruz 10-10 a m
From Calaba 5-10 p m

Railway Tickets—Railway Tickets will be issued at the Orderly Room for one hour after every parade, and Volunteers must on no account travel except, by the trains notified in Regimental Orders or without tickets

Meals,—Dinner will be provided in Camp on Friday the 2nd February for those attending on that day.

Bedding—All Members sleeping in Camp must provide themselves with blankets and rugs,

The Camp will be ready for occupation on Friday afternoon, and those wishing to go into Camp on that date may do so.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, JAN. 25.

Snow has fallen on the North-West Himalayas. The chief amounts are : Sonemarg, one and a half inches; Murree, one inch and Dras and Minimarg, a quarter of an inch. Throughout India the weather is dry. The low pressure area has developed over the Central Provinces and is likely to move eastward during the day. Further light snow is probable on the North-West Himalayas with colder weather in North-West India. There will probably be some rain in parts of Bengal and Orissa.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 25TH JANUARY

Hissar.—Looks like rain. More rain wanted generally.

Delhi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Wheat doing badly.

Agra—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Beawar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Khamgaon—Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Dhulia.—Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Broach.—Bright, fair. Moderate cold. Seasonable. Cotton picking progressing. Crop prospects generally good.

Viramgaon.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

Wadhwan.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Present weather may improve cotton yields slightly. Cotton healthy. crop excellent, picking commenced and arrivals expected early.

Bhawnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Seasonable. Cotton picking general.

Sholapur.—No further rain expected. All crops suffering from the little rain.

Hubli.—Cloudy and unseasonable. Break needed generally. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants look well but fine weather wanted for weeding.

Bellary.—Rain general over district. Cotton plants expect only slight damage owing to recent rains.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON THURSDAY, THE 25TH JAN.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased briskly to rapidly at Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Saugor, Jhansi, Allahabad and Delhi and has been steady or has changed slightly elsewhere.

Winds are south-westerly to north-easterly in Berar and the Bombay Presidency and at Jubbulpore, Bhavnagar Para and Ajmere, while north-easterly to south-easterly breezes or calms prevail in other places. The force has been moderate to light.

Temperature.—The maximum is from 5° to 7° in excess of normal at Negapatam, Bangalore Jubbulpore Bhavnagar Para, Rajkot and Agra, and the minimum from 5° to 8° in Mysore, Rajputana and the Madras Presidency and at Calicut, Mangalore, Jhansi and Allahabad. The highest temperature in the shade was 92° at Sholapur and the lowest 46° at Sirsa.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is partially clouded at a few stations in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies and at Jaipur, Allahabad and Delhi.

Rain.—A few drops are reported from Colombo and Jubbulpore.

Weather continues fine on the West Coast.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	0	1	4
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri ...	4	2	28
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada ...	3	4	19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi ...	0	0	6
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada ...	2	2	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	0	10
G Mahim and Worli ...	0	0	5
Water Division ...	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown ...	0	0	0
Hospitals ...	0	0	6
Total ...	9	9	103
Total plague deaths to date ...	304.945	3030	
Same date last year ...	65	60	200

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CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Karsondas Chabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which Mr. D. Cowan, Chief Inspector, B. B. and C. I. Railway Police prosecuted Dataram Dharmaji, a despatch-clerk in the office of the Superintendent of the Railway Police, at the head office at Church-Gate, for criminal breach of trust and misappropriation as a public servant in respect of a sum of Rs. 5-13-2. Mr. Devrukhkar, pleader, defended the accused. From the evidence for the prosecution it appeared that on the 4th of December last the money was given to the accused along with a letter to be forwarded to the Bank of Bombay. But fourteen days after they received a letter from the Bank to say that the sum of money was never sent in. Being questioned the accused first made a statement that he had given the money to another man to be given into the Bank. Subsequently he made another statement that he had lost the money. The accused then produced from his house, of his own accord the letter and a voucher that were to be sent to the Bank along with the money. The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge. His defence was that on the 4th of December he sent the money along with the letter to the Bank by a peon named Abba. The Bank did not receive the money as it was not accompanied by the necessary voucher. Fourteen days after the voucher was prepared and given to him, but he had lost the money. So he waited till his pay day to recoup the money and for fear of being detected he took away the letter and the voucher to his house. He did not report the loss of the money to any one for fear of being taken to task for his neglect. Sometime after he entirely forgot everything about the matter, till he was questioned about it. Four days ago he had made good the loss. His lordship, on evidence before him, convicted the accused and sentenced him to suffer one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 125 with the alternative of four months' hard labour.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," January, 25.)

JUDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr M Webb I C S Assist Collr in the dist of Dharwar is appointed to be a Magt of the Second Class in that dist

Mr Webb is also appointed to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the administration of the Govt of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay

Mr L H Spence Assist Insp-Genl of Police is granted privilege leave for thirty days with effect from the 3rd February or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr F J Lowman is confirmed as Third Grade Assist Supt of police with effect from the 26th Sept 1905

Mr B R Siddapur Acting Mahalkari petha Bilgi in the dist of Bijapur is appointed to be a Magte of the Second Class in that dist

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The Honourable Mr A C Logan I C S is granted privilege leave for three months from 1st April or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr Gopalji Gulabhai Desai to act as Dist Deputy Collr Broach during the absence on leave of Mr Gopalshankar Venishankar Bhachech or pending further orders.

Mr Syed Fakkruddeen Abubaker Edroos on relief to be Huzur Deputy Collr Broach

Mr M D Mackenzie Deputy Commr Thar and Parkar is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for seven months

Mr C A Beyts I C S to act as Deputy Commr Thar and Parkar during the absence on leave of Mr M D Mackenzie

Mr V M Ferrerz I C S to act as Deputy Commr Upper Sind Frontier vice Mr C A Beyts I C S during the absence on leave of Mr C M Baker B A Oxon I C S

Mr W F D Fisher Deputy Conservator of Forests Third Grade and Divisional Forest Officer North Thana is granted privilege leave of absence for three months in combination with furlough for three months and twenty days

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Maj C H L Meyer M D B S Lon I M S on relief to act as Professor of Medicine and Clinical Medicine and Therapeutics Grant Medical College vice Maj L F Chidle M B I M S preceeding on leave

Capt E F G Tucker I M S on relief to act as Professor of Pathology and Morbid Anatomy and Curator of Pathological Museum Grant Medical College

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr C S F Crofton I C S to be Second Assist vice Mr C M Baker I C S promoted

Capt A F S Leggatt Second Battn Royal Scots to be Adjutant Second Battn Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps vice Maj C J E A McArthur with effect from the 8th Jan

At the Bombay University Examination;—

The Kineoch Forbes Gold Medal with a Prize of Law Books has been awarded to Gagumal Murjimal Bhavani of Govt Law School

The Nandashankar Parvatishankar Dave Scholarship tenable for one year has been awarded to Manu Chandrawidyanand Pandys of Govt Law School

The Hughlings Prize consisting of Books has been divided between Dharamdas Teckchand Mariwalla and Gustasp Mancherji Printer of Dayaram Jethmal Sind and Elphinstone Colleges respectively

The Venayekrao Jugonnathji Sunkersett Prize consisting of Books has been awarded to Yashavant Krishna Kuntay of Fergusson College

The Kahandas Muncharam Scholarship tenable for one year has been awarded to Savailal Girdherlal Pandya of Samaldas College

The Melvill Memorial Scholarship tenable for two years has been awarded to Sitaram Kamalaji Nadkarni of Baroda College

The Sir Frank Soute Scholarship for the previous Examinat on tenable for one year has been awarded to Abdul Majid Belgrami of Elphinstone College

The Majmudar Manishankar Kikani Sanskrit Scholarship tenable for two years has been awarded to Ramnarayan Vishvanath Pathak of Samaldas College

The Bhavnagar Percival Scholarship tenable for one year has been awarded to Ramnarayan Vishvanath Pathak of Smaeldas College

The Divan Bahadur Manibhai Cutch Memorial Scholarship in Arts tenable for two years has been awarded to Harishankar Harjivan Tripathi of Baroda College

The Gangabhai Bhat Scholarship tenable for one year has been awarded to Krsnama Shankarrao Pandit of Wilson College

The Bai Aimai Kharshetji Rustamji Cama Scholarship tenable for one year has been awarded to Manekshaw Nassarwanji Dastur of Wilson College

Mr. L. FRENCH, Colonisation Officer, Chenab Canal, is going to Lahore on special duty to assist the Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Punjab, in separating the Departments of Agriculture and Land Records, and to carry on the duties of Director of Land Records.

HIGH COURT.—January 26.

Before the Hon. The Chief Justice and the Hon Mr Justice BATTY.
For Judgment.

1411—Unwalla and P—Bai Jaiji and others vs N C Macleod and other—K B Shroff and Ardeser H D and Co

(Before the Hon Mr JUSTICE CHANDAVARKAR)
After appellate side work is over.
For Judgment on motion.

903-05—Chitnis and M—Dayabhai Tapidas vs C unilal Hurgovandas Alias Chunila Damoderd s—Smetham and N

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Comm rcial Cause.

223-05—Mulla and M—Rustomji Ardeser Cooper vs Morarji Mohunji Sorabji and J—Part heard

In Land Acquisition Act i of 1894 and cause in the matter of Government and J D Gonsalves E F Nicholson for Government

Long Causes

752-05—Sorabji and J—Morarji Mohunji vs Messrs Kapadia Brothers—Mulla and M—Part heard

0-04—Bhaisaunker K and G Sumsoodin Goolamhoosen another vs Abdoolhoosen Kahlemoodin and others—Payne and Co and Little and Co—Part heard

420-05—Sorabji and J—Abdul Latif Haji Mahomed Jitayker vs Abdul Rehmon bin Abdul Kader Jitaker Captain and V

499-01—Edgelow and W—Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malik Poijar vs Arthur David Sassoon Wadia and B

250-99—Edgelow G and W—Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malik Tojjas vs Sir E E A Sassoon Baronet and others—Wadia G and B

46-04—Madhavji and K—Lalman alias Lalloo Ramprasad and others vs Devsey Devji and others—Ardeshir H D and Co

636-05—Jatubhoy J and M—Partapchand Gulabchhand vs Bai Samrath widow Mulji and D—For postponment

432-05—Jehangir and S—Ashadbai widow vs Abdulla Haji Mahomed and others Thakurdas and Co and Captain and V

884-05—Mansuklal J and H—Bai Gangabai and others vs The Madras United Spand W Mills Co Ld—Pestomji R and K—B M and K—M and R

852-05—Mansukhlal J and H—Bai Gungabai widow and others vs The New East India Pri es C Limited and others—Pestonji K and K B M and B and Hiralal S

355-05—Matubho J and M—Damji Hirji vs Ruttonbai widow—Captain and V

275-8789-05—Tyabji D and P—Hurjawandas Hathidas vs Baboo Bhawoo and others—Chitnis and M

318 10319-05—Dikshit D and S—John Michael Simon vs Adamji Peerbhoy and others—Bicknell M and R

250-02—Dikshit D and S—Kanji Bhadji vs Devram Keshavji—In person

409-04—Ardeser H D and Co:—Kharsedji Byramji vs Ardeser Jivanjand vs,

753-01—Nadirshaw and T—for pairper Bhanibai widow vs Velji Khoda and vs—K B Mehta

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BATCHELOR.
for consent decree.

571-03—M R Vakil Phirozeshaw Dinshaw Mahadam vs Fazzooibhoy Heptoola—Nana H and Co

Suits for Hearing and Final disposal,
Long causes

172-01—Bicknell M and R Jaynarayan Hindumull Dani vs Jijibhoy Jehangir and another Daphtary and F

Reference for dismissal,

E F Nicholson for Govarnme—In the matter of the Land acquisition Act I of 18[illegible] Cause in the matter of Government and Joseph Simeens

Long causes for dismissal,

305-05—M B Chothia—Hormusje Dadabhoy Mehta vs Hormusjee Pallonjee Dolmeherji and another—Pestonji R and K

622-05—Payne and Co—Fatmabhai widow vs Mahomed Nensg Khairaj and another—J P Pastur

For Hearing Exception on Commissioner's Report,

39-00—Nanu Haud C—Osman Hassan vs Vulli Mahomed Hassan and others.—Crawford B and Co and N H and Co

882-05—Captain and V Vellles Ludha and others vs Shamjee Gordhan a firm Payne and Co. Payne and

442-01—Captain and V—Abdool Rehman Bhaiji and other vs Mahomed Yoonus Hafiz and others Ardeshir H D and Co

648-01—Bhaishunker K and G Bai Aimabai widow vs Haji Abdool Razak Haji Abubucker and others Payne and Co and B K and G

633-05—Daphtary F and D—Balubhai Navalchand vs New chand Tarachand

285-01—Walia G and C—Rowji Sakulchand and Co vs Runchordas Dharsey—Little and Co

57-01—Tyabji D and [illegible]—Lukhasand Gurmukhrai and others vs Chandrabhan Mohunlal and others—Payne and Co

501-05—Thakurdas and Co—Rahimbhoy Vullee Mahomed vs Vithoba Kavais Patel and another—Raghavaya and B

690-03—Edgelow G and W—Mathuradas Damoderdas and other vs Vandrawanddas Soonderji and other Tyabji D and Co

320-03—Pestonji R and K Elji Umersej and other vs Bai Motivahu widow—Tyabji D and Co

859-04—K J Billimoria—Abdul Hoosian Allibhoy vs Janambai—Chotia and M

(Before the Hon Mr Justice SCOTT)
Suits for hearing and final disposal
Long Cause,

739-05—Payne and Co N C Macleod vs Rahimtoola Dada Phakurdas and Co part heard

648-05—Little and Co—John Aitchison Bigbie and another vs Hemraj Jaitha and another—Madhavji and K—(Commercial Cause)

675-04—Sorabji and J R—L Moniz vs E A deSouza and others—Captain and V

351-05—Unvalla and F—Meherbai and others vs Cowasji Hormusji Dadigandy and others—Maganlal J and G and Nanabhai and T

393-05—Mulla and M—Dewram Keshawji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay—Crawford B and Co

472-03—Mulla and M—Dewram Keshawji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay—Crawford B and Co

371-05—Payne and Co—Jusa Guja vs Wamon Narayen and another—M B Chothia

141-05—Pestonji R and K—Pallonji Rustomji Choksey vs Hormusji Kiasji Sanjana and others—Wadia G and Co

661-05—M B Chothia—Cooverbai widow vs Pestonji Dadabhoy Bhandara—Mulla and M

331-05—Crawford B and Co—The Municipal Corporation of Bombay and another vs Hirji Ardeshir Dady and another—Ardeshir H D and Co—and Thakurdas and Co

109-05—K & B Mehta—Ahmedbhoy Homeji vs Savlaram Ramji Balkrishn & M

311-05—Mulji and D Damoderdas Hurjivandas and others vs Narbadabai and others—Mulla and M

15-05—Tyabji D and Co—Buldeodas Nensukhdas and others vs Lachminarayan Ramchand—Bicknell M and R

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS B. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, January 26.

PRACTICE.

The Corps will parade at the B V A Club Apollo Bunder to-morrow Saturday at 4-30 p m (S T) and proceed to Colaba North Fort to continue the practice from the 10" R M L

The undermentioned member having joined is taken on the strength of the corps and posted to No 2 Sub-Division No 2 Coy—No 1029 Gr John Thambe.

(Sd) A STIFFE, Capt R A
Adjut B V A

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Rat
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs	%	
Bank of Bombay	40,000	500	all	12 p. c.	1,407 1-2
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,400
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 pr. ct.	1,149
Commercial Bank of India	40,000	70	100	nil	40
Alliance Bank of Simla	15,000	100	100	12 pr ct	243 xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Charter Bank	0,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£44 to £
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-15-0	£93-1
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	dvd 10 pr Half yearly	
Alliance	1,000	1,000	al	Dvd 12½/2	380
Bombay; United	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs15	635
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs6	945
Central India	1,500	500	500	dvd Rs9	040
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	660
Connaught Mills	1,650	500	500	Nil	575
Colaba Land and Mills	4,000	700	700	dvd Rs45	975
Coorla Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs35	880
Carrimbhoy Mills	750	1,000	000	dvd Rs50	1,370
David Mills	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs15	500
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	455
Framjee Petit	1,350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1110
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	745
Howard and Bulkeigh	1,500	500	500	25	687 1-2
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs 40	
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil	1075
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	265
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	930
James Greaves	1,900	500	500	25	950
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd 215	560
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs50	205
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	843	1,000	1,000	dv Rs55	625
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	700
Khatao Makunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	920
Leopold	5,500	100	108	Nil	190
Lakmidas Spinning and Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvRs50	112
Madras United	500	1,000	1,000	Rs 110	705 xd
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvRs125	3,250
Morarji Gocul-das	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs200	3,260
New Great Eastern	4,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	2,675
Presidency Mills Co., Ld.	742	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	260
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1060
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